

## UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

## END OF SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS YEAR THREE SEMESTER ONE EXAMINATIONS

## FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE COMPUTER SCIENCE

COURSE CODE : CSC 351E

COURSE TITLE : MICROPROCESSORS SYSTEMS

DESIGN

TIME: 14:00 HRS -- 16:00 HRS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

ANSWER QUESTIONS ONE AND ANY OTHER TWO

QUESTION ONE [COMPULSORY] [30 MARKS]

a)	Explain the functions of the following pins of 8085uP	
4)	i) INTR	[1 Mark]
	ii) READY	[1 Mark]
	iii) <i>INTA</i>	[1 Mark]
	iv) Reset out	[1 Mark]
b)	Clearly distinguish between Von Neumann and Harvard architecture models.	
0)		[4 Marks]
c)	Give two advantages of each of the architectural models in question	n 1b above.
		[4 Marks]
d)	Name and explain the two types of Programmable Input/Output data transfer techniques	
		[4 Marks]
e)	Write an Assembly Language Program to divide contents of accumulator by contents of B	
	register. The resulting quotient be stored in C register while the rer	nainder be stored in D
	register. Let your program reside from memory address 2040.	[5 Marks]
f)	Identify the type of instruction in each of the instructions below:	
	i) ANI 80H	[1 Mark]
	ii) LDAX D	[1 Mark]
	iii) JC 4100H	[1 Mark]
	iv) SIM	[1 Mark]
g)	A 512KB memory chip has 8 pins for data. Find:	
	i) The organization	[1 Mark]
	ii) The number of address pins for this memory chip.	[2 Marks]
	iii) The address range of the chip	[2 Marks]
	QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]	
a)	Determine the addressing mode in each of the assembly instruction below:	
	1. ADD B	[1 Mark]
	2. LXI SP, 20B0H	[1 Mark]
	3. LDAX B	[1 Mark]
	4. ORA D	[1 Mark]
	5. STA 4030H	[1 Mark]
	6. MOV C, B	[1 Mark]
	7. RST 4	[1 Mark]
	8. NOP	[1 Mark]
b)	Below is a Hexcode for a certain program. Write its equivalent As	
	3AH 10H 30H 47H 3AH 11H 30H 80H 32H 12H 30H 76	
		[5 Marks.]
c)	Name and discuss any three techniques of Direct Memory Access	[7 Marks]

QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS] Show the contents of the accumulator and the status of the flag bits after each of the a) following operations: [4 Marks] i) 36H+45H [3 Marks] ii) 20H - 20H [3 Marks] iii) 78H-A9H A certain program is needed to count from 255 to zero, then upwards from zero to F0H. For every count it gives an output at PORT 21H. Write a program to achieve this task. Let 6) [10 Marks] the program run in an endless loop. QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS] A 8-bit memory requires 3KB of RAM and 1KB of ROM. Draw the memory map a) assuming ROM starts from 0000h and is followed by RAM [5 Marks] i) Write an algorithm of a program to exchange the contents of memory locations b) [3 Marks] 2000H and 4000H ii) Write an assembly program to achieve the task based on your algorithm. [4 Marks] Define the tools below as used in programming languages c) [2 Marks] i) A loader [2 Marks] ii) A linker [2 Marks] iii) Compiler [2 Marks] iv) Assembler QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS] [2 Marks] What is an interrupt? a) Identify five events that may lead to generation of an interrupt [5 Marks] Distinguish between hardware interrupt and software interrupt, giving examples b) c) [4 Marks] Discuss the procedures that takes place in checking and servicing of an interrupt

d)

[9 Marks]