



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

A skilled and Ethical Society

PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION CURRICULUM DESIGN

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES GRADE 1, 2 & 3

First Published in 2017

Revised 2024

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FOREWORD

The Government of Kenya (GoK) is committed to ensuring that policy objectives for Education, Training and Research meet the aspirations of the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, National Curriculum Policy 2018, the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the regional and global conventions to which Kenya is a signatory. Towards achieving the mission of Basic Education, the Ministry of Education (MoE) has successfully and progressively rolled out the implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) at Pre-Primary, Primary and Junior School levels.

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) reviewed the curriculum and rationalised the number of learning areas in 2024. The review and rationalisation process was informed by several factors, among them, the recommendations of the Presidential Working Party on Education Reforms (PWPER) and reports of the continuous curriculum monitoring and evaluation activities.

The reviewed curriculum designs build on competencies attained earlier by learners. The designs prepare the learner for smooth transition to the next level. The designs will also afford the learner opportunities for developing requisite competencies and enable them to interact with other people and the environment around them.

The key components of the curriculum designs include the National Goals of Education, the essence statement, general and specific learning outcomes as well as the strands and sub strands. Suggested learning experiences, key inquiry questions, core competencies, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs), values and assessment rubrics are also outlined in the curriculum designs.

It is expected that all Government agencies and other stakeholders in Education will use the designs to plan for the effective and efficient implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum.

Thank you.

HON. EZEKIEL OMBAKI MACHOGU, CBS CABINET SECRETARY,

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

PREFACE

The Ministry of Education (MoE) rolled out the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC), nationally in 2019, following a national convention in 2017 where the *Basic Education Curriculum Framework* (BECF) was adopted by stakeholders and a national pilot of the curriculum in the Early Years of Education (EYE) in 2018. According to the UNESCO IBE requirements, a curriculum should be reviewed every five years. So, the review of CBC was due from 2023. In view of this, the reviewed curriculum designs will enhance the implementation of CBC since it corporates the lessons learnt from the implementation of CBC so far.

Consistent periodical review of the curriculum is also critical in the realisation of the Vision and Mission of the on-going curriculum reforms as enshrined in the Sessional Paper No. I of 2019 whose title is: *Towards Realizing Quality, Relevant and Inclusive Education and Training for Sustainable Development* in Kenya. The Sessional Paper explains the shift from a content-focused curriculum to a focus on producing an engaged, empowered and ethical citizen.

Therefore, the reviewed curriculum designs will facilitate the inculcation of core competencies in CBC, which are identified as: communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn and self-efficacy.

The curriculum designs provide suggestions for interactive and differentiated learning experiences linked to the various strands and sub strands and other aspects of the CBC. The designs also outline suggested learning resources and varied assessment techniques. It is expected that the use of these designs will lead to enhanced learning outcomes at various levels, prepare the learner for smooth transition to subsequent grades and make learning enjoyable.

The MoE requests all stakeholders to keep giving feedback on the curriculum designs to inform the review during the next cycle.

Thank you.

DR. BELIO R. KIPSANG, CBS

PRINCIPAL SECRETARY STATE DEPARTMENT FOR

EARLY LEARNING AND BASIC EDUCATION

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) Act Number 4 of 2013 (Revised 2019) mandates the Institute to develop and review curricula and curriculum support materials for basic and tertiary education and training. The curriculum development process is guided by research, international best practices as well as stakeholder engagement. The Institute conceptualised the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) in consultation with the Ministry of Education and other stakeholders. According to the *Basic Education Curriculum Framework* (KICD, 2017) the conceptualisation of CBC was informed by 21st Century learning needs, the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, the East African Community Protocol, the International Bureau of Education (IBE) Guidelines and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

KICD is funded by the Kenya Government to discharge its mandate. The institute also receives support from development partners targeting specific programmes. The reviewed curriculum designs were developed with the support of the World Bank through the Kenya Primary Education Equity in Learning Programme (KPEELP) - a project coordinated by MoE. KICD wishes to most sincerely thank the Government of Kenya, through the MoE and other development partners. More specifically, KICD appreciates the Cabinet Secretary - MoE and the Principal Secretary - State Department of Basic Education,

Additionally, the Institute expresses gratitude to all the KICD staff members, teachers, university lecturers, MoE staff, Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs) and representatives of various stakeholders; among others, for their contributions to the development of the reviewed curriculum designs. Finally, KICD acknowledges the Chief Executive Officers of the Teachers Service Commission (TSC) and the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) as well as the KICD Council for supporting the curriculum review process.

May God bless all the individuals and respective institutions who in one way or another supported the curriculum review process. Indeed, these designs will effectively guide the implementation of the CBC at Primary level, thereby preparing the learner to transition to the Junior School.

Best wishes to all learners and curriculum implementers.

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KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

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NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable the learner acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and mutual respect for harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instil social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in community and national development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare a learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should provide the learner with necessary competences for technological and industrial development in tandem with changing global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfilment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4 Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education; including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instil in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should therefore enable the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also facilitate the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare for sustainable development.

LESSON ALLOCATION AT LOWER PRIMARY

S/No	Learning Area	Number of Lessons Per Week
1.	Indigenous Language Activities	2
2.	Kiswahili Language Activities / Kenya Sign Language Activities	4
3.	English Language Activities	5
4.	Mathematical Activities	5
5.	Religious Education Activities	3
6.	Environmental Activities	4
7.	Creative Activities	7
8.	Pastoral/Religious Instruction Programme	1*
Total		31

LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION

By the end of Primary Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) Use verbal and or non-verbal cues to convey information in varied contexts.
- b) Demonstrate mastery of number concepts to solve problems in day to day life.
- c) Use appropriate social skills, moral and religious values to positively impact the society.
- d) Develop individual talents and interests for self-efficacy.
- e) Make informed decisions as local and global citizens of a diverse, democratic society in an interdependent world.
- f) Devise innovative strategies for environmental conservation and sustainability.
- g) Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment.
- h) Appreciate the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious living.

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES GRADE 1

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Kenya is a nation where people adhere to various religions. The National Goal of Education No. 4, advocates for promoting sound morals and religious values among learners. Religious Education is one way to instil these values. Islamic Religious Education activities aim to equip learners with the knowledge, skills, values, and attitudes that help them grow socially, emotionally, and spiritually into balanced individuals. The strands covered in this activity area are Quran, Hadith, Devotional Acts, *Siirah* (Life of the Prophet), and Islamic Festivals. Islamic Religious Education teachers are encouraged to use learner-centered approaches. This learning area helps learners acquire values and skills that enable them to be responsible and ethical citizens who are at peace with Allah (SWT), themselves, others, and the environment.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Primary Education, the learner should be able to:

- a. recite, read, and write short selected Surahs (chapters) of the Qur'an,
- b. demonstrate love, appreciation, and awareness of Allah (SWT) and His creation,
- c. demonstrate love and appreciation for the Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W),
- d. practise Islamic etiquette for social relations,
- e. perform acts of worship correctly,
- f. apply creativity and critical thinking skills in problem solving in accordance with Islamic teaching,
- g. use and conserve the immediate environment while observing Islamic teachings,
- h. co-exist harmoniously with people of other faiths and of different cultural backgrounds,
- i. practise hygiene and observe nutrition and safety, guided by Islamic principles.

SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUB-STRANDS

Strand	Sub-Strands	No. of Lessons
1.0 Qur'an	1.1 Arabic Alphabet	10
	1.2 Selected Surah	16
2.0 Hadith	2.1 Hadith on Obedience to parents	05
	2.2 Hadith on cleanliness	05
3.0 Pillars Iman	3.1 Belief in Allah (Attributes)	07
5.0 Pinars iman	3.2 Belief in angels	02
4.0 Devotional Acts	4.3 Pillars Islam (Five pillars)	08
	4.3 Shahadah	05
	4.4 Wudhu (steps and performance)	06
5.0 Akhlaq (Moral Teachings)	5.0 Relationship	06
	5.1.1 Gratitude to Allah's bounties	
	5.1.2 Love for parents	05
	5.2.Care for the environment	05
6.0 Siirah	6.1 Birth Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W.)	06
7.0 Islamic Festivals	6.1 Eids	04
Total	number of lessons	90

STRAND 1.0: Quran

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Quran	1.1 Arabic Alphabet (10 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify the Arabic alphabet in three-letter words in readiness for reading the Qur'an, b) listen actively to three-letter words to enhance fluency in reading the Quran, c) read correctly three-letter words with vowels correctly in readiness for reading the Qur'an, d) appreciate the role of Arabic alphabet and vowels in reading the Qur'an.	 The learner is guided to: identify the Arabic alphabet in three-letter words from flashcards/charts/digital devices and read them. listen to three-letter words with vowels from a digital device/resource person/teacher/peer and imitate them, read three-letter words with harakaat or vowels (fat-hatain, dhumatain, kasratain, and sukun) from flashcards and correct one another, pick three letter words from a box and read them, pick the alphabet with harakat (vowels), form three-letter words, and read them, sort and group three letter words from a basket/box and pronounce them. 	Why should one learn the Arabic alphabet?

Communication and Collaboration: skills of listening and speaking are enhanced as learners listen and repeat three-letter words with

Values:

Unity: cooperation as learners collaborate with others while sorting and grouping three letter words from a basket/box and pronouncing them.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: effective communication as learners read and pronounce three-letter words with vowels correctly.

Link to other Learning Activities:

Reading and listening skills in English Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Quran	1.2 Selected Surah 1.2.1 Al-Fatiha (reading, reciting) (8 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) read Surah Al-Fatiha correctly in readiness for swalah, b) recite Surah Al-Fatiha in swalah, c) appreciate the recitation of the Qur'an for spiritual nourishment.	 The learner is guided to: listen to the verses of surah	Why do Muslims recite Surah Al- Fatiha?

Critical thinking and Problem-solving: as learners sort and arrange the verses of Surah Al-Fatiha.

Values:

Unity: cooperation is enhanced as learners collaboratively turn-take to read the verses of Surah Al-Fatiha and correct one another.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: effective communication as learners express themselves effectively when reciting/reading Surah Al-Fatiha.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As learners read/recite/memorise Surah Al-Fatiha can be related to concepts in English Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Quran	1.2 Selected Surah 1.2.2 An-Naas (reading and reciting) (8 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) read Surah An-Naas correctly in readiness for use in <i>swalah</i> , b) recite Surah An-Naas in readiness for <i>swalah</i> , c) appreciate the recitation of the Qur'an for spiritual nourishment.	 The learner is guided to: listen to verses of Surah An-Naas from a teacher/resource person/digital device and repeat, complete verses of Surah An-Naas using words from flashcards, sort and arrange the verses of Surah An-Naas from pocket boards and read them aloud, turn-take to read Surah An-Naas and correct one another. 	Why do Muslims recite Surah An- Naas?

Critical thinking and Problem-solving: as learners sort and arrange the verses of Surah An-Naas

Values:

Unity: cooperation is enhanced as learners collaboratively turn-take to read the verses of Surah An-Naas and correct one another

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: Effective communication as learners express themselves effectively when reciting/reading Surah An-Naas.

Link to other Learning Activities:

Learners read/recite/memorise Surah An-Naas- related to English Language Activity.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to recognises and write	Recognises and	Recognises and	Recognises and	Recognises and
the Arabic alphabet in three-	writes the Arabic	writes the Arabic	writes most Arabic	writes a few Arabic
letter words.	alphabet in three-	alphabet in three-	alphabet in three-	alphabet in three-
	letter words with	letter words with	letter words with	letter words with
	vowels and explains	vowels correctly.	vowels.	vowels.
	to others correctly.			
Ability to read and memorise	Reads and memorises	Reads and memorises	Reads and memorises	Reads and memorises
the selected surahs (Surah Al-	all the verses of the	all the verses of the	some of the verses of	a few verses of the
Fatiha and Surah An-Naas).	selected surahs	selected surahs	the selected surahs	selected surahs
	correctly with clear	correctly.	correctly.	correctly.
	articulation.			

STRAND 2.0: Hadith

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
		Outcomes		
2.0	2.1.1 Hadith	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	How do you show
Hadith	on Obedience	strand the learner should be	 read the Hadith on 	obedience to
	to Parents	able to:	obedience to parents	parents/guardians/teachers
	(5 Lessons)	a) read the Hadith on	individually; 'Allah's	
	(3 Lessons)	obedience to parents	pleasure is in parents'	
		for moral	pleasure and Allah's	
		development,	anger is in parents'	
		b) practise the Hadith on	anger,''	
		obedience to parents	 pick flashcards to complete 	
		in day-to-day life,	the Hadith on obedience to	
		c) appreciate the Hadith	parents,	
		on obedience to	 role-play situations 	
		parents to earn	depicting	
		rewards from Allah.	obedience to	
			parents,	
			 story-tell instances where 	
			obedience is practised in	
			their daily life.	

Learning to Learn: as learners work collaboratively while role-playing situations depicting obedience to parents.

Values:

Responsibility: accountability is enhanced as learners engage in assigned roles as they role-play and story-tell situations/instances where obedience is practised.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: tolerance enhanced as learners role-play situations depicting obedience to parents.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As they learn about the family can be related to concepts in Environmental Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Hadith	2.1.2 Hadith on Cleanliness (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) read the Hadith on cleanliness for moral development, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on cleanliness in day-to-day life, c) appreciate the Hadith on cleanliness to earn rewards from Allah.	 The learner is guided to: read after the teacher the Hadith on cleanliness displayed on a chart, read the Hadith on cleanliness: 'Cleanliness is part of faith" and correct each other, sing songs on the importance of cleanliness and personal hygiene, engage in cleaning activities such as cleaning the school compound and washing hands. 	 How do you uphold cleanliness? Why should a Muslim maintain cleanliness?

Learning to Learn: learning in groups as learners work on their own while cleaning the classroom

Values:

Responsibility: is enhanced as learners engage in cleaning activities.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Health promotion issues: preventive health as learners engage in cleaning activities

Link to Other Learning Activities:

The concept in the Hadith can be related to Hygiene and Nutrition Activity when they engage in cleaning tasks.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to read the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected
Hadiths on obedience to	Hadiths on obedience	Hadiths on obedience	Hadiths on obedience	Hadiths on obedience
parents and on cleanliness.	to parents and on	to parents and on	to parents and on	and on cleanliness
	cleanliness correctly	cleanliness correctly.	cleanliness with	with major errors.
	and gives examples.		minor errors.	
Ability to explain ways of	Explains ways of	Explain ways of	Explains ways of	Explains ways of
showing obedience to parents	showing obedience to	showing obedience to	showing obedience to	showing obedience to
as per the teachings of the	parents as per the	parents as per the	parents as per the	parents as per the
Hadith.	teachings of the	teachings of the	teachings of the	teachings of the
	Hadith	Hadith.	Hadith with a few	Hadith with many
	comprehensively.		mix-ups.	mix-ups.

STRAND 3.0: PILLARS OF IMAN

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Pillars of Iman	3.1 Belief in Allah: Attributes of Allah (Al-Khaaliq, Ar-Razaaq) (7 Lessons)	Outcomes By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) mention the attributes of Allah as the Creator and the Provider to strengthen their <i>Iman</i> , b) use the selected attributes of Allah	The learner is guided to: • listen to the teacher/resource person/peer/digital device mentioning the attributes of Allah, (<i>Al-Khaaliq</i> , <i>Ar-Razaaq</i>) and repeat after him/her • sort and match the attributes of Allah (S.W.T) with their corresponding meaning using flashcards individually or in pairs, • observe the creation of Allah (S.W.T) outside the classroom and mention their names, • model/draw/paint/colour the creation of Allah (S.W.T) observed outside the classroom, • watch pictures/videos of Allah (S.W.T)'s creation and	Question(s) How did the world come to be?
		in day-to-day life,c) appreciate the bounties of Allah.	mention their names, • sing and listen to <i>qasida</i> with the attributes of Allah (S.W.T) as Creator and Provider.	

Learning to Learn: as learners observe their immediate environment and model/draw/paint/colour Allah (SWT)'s creation.

Values:

Unity: as learners display team spirit while listening to and singing qasida with the attributes of Allah in groups

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: developmental perspective as the learner models/draws/paints/colours Allah's creation

Link to other Learning Activities:

The concepts in the lesson can be related to Creative Arts as learners model/draw/paint/colour or engage in environmental Activities

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Pillars of Iman	3.2 Belief in angels (Jibril and Mikail) (2 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) name two angels of Allah as part of pillars of <i>iman</i> , b) appreciate the belief in angels as a pillar of <i>iman</i> .	 The learner is guide to: listen to and sing <i>qasida</i> on the angels pick names of the selected angels from a pocket board and read them aloud, colour the names of the selected angels. 	

- Communication and Collaboration: as learners pick the names of the selected angels from a pocket board and read them aloud.
- Creativity and Imagination: as learners colour the names of the angels on a manila paper.

Values:

Unity: as learners pick the names of the selected angels from pocket boards and read them aloud during class activities.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as learners colour the names of the selected angels using flashcards

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners colour the names of the selected angels Creative Arts Activities.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator		Expectations	Expectations	
Ability to name the	Names the attributes of	Names the attributes	Names the attributes	Names one of the
attributes of Allah	Allah, <i>Al-Khaaliq</i> , and	of Allah, <i>Al</i> -	of Allah <i>Al-Khaaliq</i>	attributes of Allah
(S.W.T.), Al-Khaaliq,	Ar-Razaaq with their	Khaaliq, and Ar-	and, Ar-Razaaq with	Al-Khaaliq/ Ar-
and Ar-Razaaq	meaning.	Razaaq.	some omissions	Razaaq.

STRAND 4.0: DEVOTIONAL ACTS

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Devotional Acts	 4.1 Pillars of Islam Shahadah, Swalah, Zakat, Saum Hajj (8 Lessons) 	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) name the five pillars of Islam to strengthen their faith, b) recite the five pillars of Islam in sequence. c) appreciate the five pillars of Islam as a foundation of Islam.	 The learner is guided to: sing songs or poems on the pillars of Islam, arrange pillars of Islam using flashcards in their sequence, participate in a game involving mentioning the five pillars of Islam in sequence, take turns to recite the five pillars of Islam, draw a house/tree with five pillars representing the five pillars of Islam then colour and display them in class. 	What are the things a Muslim should do to obey Allah?

Communication and Collaboration: is enhanced as learners take turns to recite the five pillars of Islam.

Values:

Unity: cooperation enhanced as learners display team spirit as they take part in a game involving the mentioning of the five pillars of Islam in sequence.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: developmental perspective as learners draws the five pillars of Islam using locally available materials and display

Link to Other Learning Activities.

The concepts of counting and putting the five pillars of Islam in sequence can be related to Mathematics Activities.

Strand	Key Inquiry
	Question(s)
4.0 Devotional Acts	Why do Muslims proclaim the Shahadah?

Creativity and Imagination: as the learners role-play occasions when the Shahadah is said.

Values:

Unity: cooperation enhanced as learners collaboratively role-play occasions when the *Shahada* is said.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Self-esteem: enhanced as learners sing songs or recite poems on the *Shahadah*.

Link to other Learning Activities:

The skill of reciting the Shahadah can be related to English Language Activities

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Devotional Acts	4.3 Wudhu (steps and performance of wudhu) (6 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) name the steps of wudhu performance, b) perform wudhu sequentially as a prerequisite for prayers, c) appreciate wudhu as a purification requirement before performing swalah.	 watch a video clip showing the correct steps of wudhu and describe what they have observed, watch the teacher/resource person/peer demonstrating the steps of wudhu (washing the hands, rinsing the mouth, rinsing the nostrils, washing the face, washing the two arms, wiping the head, wiping the ears, washing the feet) and mimic, pick flashcards with steps of wudhu and arrange them in sequence, sing qasida on steps of wudhu with appropriate gesture/movement demonstrate the performance of wudhu in the correct order, record, and share with friends using a digital device. 	Which body parts are washed during wudhu?

Digital Literacy: connecting using technology as learners manipulate digital devices as they watch video clips on the steps of wudhu.

Values:

Unity: cooperation as learners collaborate with others when picking flashcards with steps of *wudhu* and arrange them in sequence.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Environmental Education: enhanced as learners use water sparingly when performing wudhu.

Link to Other Learning Activities:

The concept of using water sparing and washing body parts while performing *wudhu* can be related to Environmental Activities.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to name the five	Names the five	Names the five	Names four pillars of	Names less than
pillars of Islam	pillars of Islam with	pillars of Islam	Islam	three pillars of Islam
	a clear explanation of	correctly		
	each pillar			
Ability to arrange the five	Arranges the five	Arranges the five	Arranges the five	Arranges pillars of
pillars of Islam in sequence.	pillars of Islam in	pillars of Islam in	pillars of Islam in	Islam in sequence
	their sequence with	sequence.	sequence with minor	with major mix-ups.
	relevant pictures.		mix-ups.	

STRAND 5.0 AKHLAQ (MORAL TEACHINGS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq (Moral Teachings)	5. 1 Relationship 5.1.1 Gratitude for Allah's bounties (5 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) identify five bounties of Allah (S.W.T.) in the immediate environment, b) utilise the bounties of Allah appropriately to earn His blessings, c) appreciate the bounties of Allah (S.W.T.) as a sign of gratitude.	 watch video clips/pictures/paper cuttings showing the bounties of Allah (S.W.T.) (for example, plants, animals, self-body parts) and name them, play games involving touching and naming body parts as part of Allah (S.W.T.)'s bounties (For example. 'head-shoulder') carry out simple activities using their hands, legs and eyes to appreciate the bounties of the body parts, listen/sing qasida/ recite poems on Allah's favours, draw and colour trees and animals as part of creation of Allah (S.W.T.) from the immediate environment, 	 Which bounties of Allah are in your immediate environment? How do you take care of Allah's creation?

	•	cut and mount pictures of plants	
		and animals; and display in class.	

Self-efficacy: identify who they are as learners touch and name body parts as bounties of Allah.

Values:

Responsibility: accountability as learners carry out simple activities using their hands, legs, and eyes to reflect on the bounties of Allah.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: self-awareness as learners name and carry out simple activities using their body parts.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As learners draw and colour trees and animals, the concept can be related to Creative Arts Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq (Moral Teachings)	5.1.2 Love for Parents (5 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) state five ways to show love to parents/guardians, b) demonstrate ways of showing love to parents/guardians in day-to-day life, c) appreciate love accorded to parents/guardians in their day-to-day lives.	 The learner is guided to: listen to short stories on love to parents and mention the ways described in the stories, role-play ways of showing love to parents/guardians (for example, children greeting their parents, giving gifts to them, helping with errands at home, responding to their call, obeying them etc), make paper cutouts with different ways of treating parents and mount them on charts, sort from a box/basket, paper cutouts with different ways of treating parents, isolating good from bad ways, sing <i>qasidas</i> and songs on love for parents, keep a journal record of ways they have shown love to their parents/guardians. 	 How do we treat our parents? How do you show love to your parents?

Critical thinking and Problem-solving: as learners sort from a box/basket, paper cutouts with different ways of treating parents, isolating good from bad ways.

Values:

Responsibility: accountability as learners engage in assigned roles and duties while roleplaying ways of showing love to parents/guardians.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: making choices as learners choose various options to show love to parents.

Link to Other Learning Activities:

The concept of love for parents/guardians can be related to Environmental Activities when learners care for members of the family.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq (Moral Teachings)	5.2 Care for the Environment- home (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) outline ways of maintaining cleanliness at home for healthy living, b) practise cleanliness at home to facilitate healthy living, c) appreciate the importance of maintaining a clean home environment.	 The learner is guided to: mention the items used for cleaning the home environment and draw them, clean their home compound, record themselves using digital devices, and present in class, improvise simple cleaning items and display them in the classroom, sing qasidas on the importance of cleanliness. 	 Why should we keep our school compound clean? What items do we use to clean the home?

Digital Literacy: as learners mention the items used for cleaning the home environment and draw them.

Creativity and Imagination: as learners improvise simple cleaning items and display them in the classroom.

Values:

Responsibility: hard work as learners care for own property and those of others while cleaning their home environment

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: as learners draw the items used in cleaning the home environment.

Link to other Learning Activities:

The concept of caring for the environment is related to Environment Activities

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations			
Ability to identify the	Identifies bounties of	Identifies bounties of	Identifies some of the	Identifies a few of
bounties of Allah in the	Allah in the	Allah in the	bounties of Allah in the	the bounties of Allah
immediate	immediate	immediate	immediate environment	in the immediate
environment.	environment (plants,	environment (plants,	(plants, animals, and body	environment (plants,
	animals, and body	animals, and body	parts).	animals, and body
	parts) with their uses.	parts).		parts).
Ability to state ways of	States ways of	States ways of	States ways of showing	Needs help in stating
showing love to	showing love to	showing love to	love to parents with little	ways of showing
parents.	parents with the	parents	guidance	love to parents
	support of pictures.			
Ability to state	States ways of	States ways of	States ways of maintaining	States only one way
ways of	maintaining	maintaining	cleanliness at home with	of maintaining
maintaining	cleanliness at home	cleanliness at home.	little help.	cleanliness at home.
cleanliness at	with ease.			
home.				

STRAND 6.0: SIIRAH

Strand Sul	ub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
Pro Mu (S.	1 Birth of rophet Iuhammad S.A.W)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) name the year Prophet (S.A.W.) was born b) narrate the event of the birth of the Prophet (S.A.W.), c) appreciate the birthplace of the Prophet (S.A.W.) as the holy city of Muslims	 The learner is guided to: pick out the name of the Prophet (S.A.W) from a set of flashcards containing other names, listen to the story about the events of Amul-fiil (the Year of the Elephant) from a video clip/teacher and narrate the events of Amul-fiil name the date, month and year of birth of the Prophet (S.A.W.) draw and colour the Kaaba, elephant, and birds sing a qasida on the birth of the Prophet (S.A.W.) 	What events took place during the birth of the Prophet (S.A.W)?

Core Competencies to be developed:

Creativity and Imagination: as learners draw and colour the Kaaba, elephant, and birds.

Values:

Unity: as learners collaborate with others while singing qasida on the birth of the Prophet (S.A.W.)

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: as they draw and colour the Kaaba in groups.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As they learn about the birth of the prophet (S.A.W.) it can be related to the events in Environmental Activities my family.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to name the year and	Names the year, the	Names the year and	Names the year the	Names the year and
the month the Prophet	month and the date	the month the	Prophet (S.A.W.)	the month the
(S.A.W.) was born.	the Prophet (S.A.W.)	Prophet (S.A.W.)	was born, but not the	Prophet (S.A.W.)
	was born.	was born.	month.	was born with
				assistance.
Ability to narrate the event of	Narrates the events	Narrates the events	Narrates some of the	Narrates the
the birth of the prophet.	of the <i>Amul fiil</i>	of the <i>Amul fiil</i> .	events of	events of the Amul
	logically.		the <i>Amul fiil</i> .	<i>fiil</i> with difficulty.

STRAND 7.0 ISLAMIC FESTIVALS

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
7.0 Islamic Festivals	7.1 Eid • Eid ul-Fitr • Eid ul-Adh-ha (4 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the Islamic months on which <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> and Eid ul-Adh-ha fall as part of the history of Islam, b) mention the activities carried out during <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> and Eid ul-Adh-ha festivals in the Islamic calendar, c) appreciate <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> and Eid ul-Adh-ha celebrations as important festivals among Muslims.	 The learner is guided to: watch video clips on the celebration of <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> and Eid ul-Adh-ha mention the dates, months, and activities observed, listen to the activities undertaken during the <i>Eid ul-Fitr and</i> Eid ul-Adh-ha from a resource person/teacher and narrate the activities that take place before and during the Eid festival, role-play the activities that take place during Eid celebrations (for example, taking bath, wearing clean clothes, attending the Eid prayer, reciting the <i>takbir</i>, feasting, exchange of gifts). 	1. How do you prepare for <i>Eid</i> celebrations? 2. Why do Muslims celebrate <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> ?

Citizenship: as learners narrate the activities that take place before and during Eid celebrations.

Values:

Love: as learners role-play the activities that take place during Eid celebrations including sharing and exchanging gifts.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Social Economic and Environmental Issues: role-play the activities that take place during Eid celebration like buying gifts.

Link to other Learning Activities:

Social Studies Activities: the concept celebration of national holidays such as Mashujaa day.

Level Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to name the year and the month the Prophet (S.A.W.) was born.	Names the year and the month the Prophet (S.A.W) was born.	Names the year and the month the Prophet (S.A.W) was born.	Names the year and the month the Prophet (S.A.W) was born with minor inconsistencies.	Names the year and the month the Prophet (S.A.W) was born, with major inconsistencies.
Ability to identify the Islamic months and the dates on which <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> and <i>Eid ul-</i> Adh-ha fall.	Correctly names the months and dates in which Eid ul-Fitr and Eid ul-Adh-ha fall.	Correctly names the months in which Eid ul-Fitr and Eid ul-Adh-ha fall.	Names the month in which Eid ul-Fitr and Eid ul-Adhha fall with minor errors.	Correctly names correctly the month in which <i>Eid ul-Fitr</i> and <i>Eid ul-</i> Adh-ha fall with major errors.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS, RESOURCES, AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-Strand	Suggested Assessment Methods	Suggested Resources	Suggested Non-Formal Activities
Qur'an	Arabic Alphabets	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Flashcards, charts, The Qur'an/Juzuu, pocket boards and digital devices, resource persons/online sources	Invite a resource person to guide on writing of Arabic alphabets, Attending madrasa after school to learn the Arabic alphabets.
	Selected Surahs	Oral questions, observation	Flashcards, CDs, Juzuu	Participate in Qur'an recitation competitions, attend madrasa after school to learn Qur'an.
Hadith	Selected Hadiths	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Charts, hadith book.	Learners to discuss with parents and other siblings the meaning/teachings of the Hadith
Pillars of Iman	Belief in Allah (Al- Khaaliq, Al-Razaaq))	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Plants, animals, crayons, papers, paint, brushes, water, and pictures	Tree planting in school and the community as a means of taking care of Allah's creation.
	Belief in Angel (Raqib and Atid)	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Plants, animals, crayons, papers, paint, brushes, water, and pictures	Tree planting in school and the community as a means of taking care of Allah's creation

Devotional	1 Pillars of Islam	Oral questions, portfolio,	Flashcards, chart	Attend the madrasa after school
Acts	Shahada wudhu	and observation		to learn Shahada.
AKHLAQ	1 Islamic etiquette	Oral questions and	Charts, pictures, audio	Practise Islamic eating manners
(Moral	5.1.1 Manners of	observation	visual materials,	during meals at home with
Teachings)	toileting		utensils,	siblings.
	Dua for entering			
	and leaving the toilet			
	2 Islamic phrases	Oral questions and	Charts, computer,	Use Islamic phrases appropriately
	(jazakallah, Masha	observation	projector, flashcards	in their free time.
	Allah, In shaa Allah)			
Akhlaq	Relationship	Oral questions, portfolio,	Animals, Trees,	Planting and taking care of trees
	5.3.1 Love for	and observation	colours, crayons, tape	in the school compound.
	Allah's bounties		recorder	
	2 Love for parents	Oral questions and	Charts, colours, empty	Participate in activities and simple
		observation	boxes	tasks assigned to them by parents
	Care for the	Oral questions, portfolio,	Water, brooms,	Collect litter in the school
	Environment - home	and observation	dustbins, rake	Compound
6.0 SIIRAH	1 Birth of Prophet	Oral questions,	Flashcards	Narrating the event of the birth of
(Life of	Muhammad (S.A.W)	portfolio, and		the Prophet (S.A.W) to other
Prophet		observation		siblings and family members.
7.0	7.1 Eids (Eid-ul–Fitr	Oral questions, Portfolio,	Colour, crayons,	Participating in congregational
FESTIVAL	and Eid-ul-Adh'ha)	and observation	manila papers,	Jum'ah prayers
S	months		brooms, and water	

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES GRADE 2

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Kenya is a nation where people adhere to various religions. The National Goal of Education No. 4, advocates for promoting sound morals and religious values among learners. Religious Education is one way to instil these values. Islamic Religious Education activities aim to equip learners with the knowledge, skills, values, and attitudes that help them grow socially, emotionally, and spiritually into balanced individuals. The strands covered in this activity area are Quran, Hadith, Devotional Acts, *Siirah* (Life of the Prophet), and Islamic Festivals. Islamic Religious Education teachers are encouraged to use learner-centered approaches. This learning area helps learners acquire values and skills that enable them to be responsible and ethical citizens who are at peace with Allah (SWT), themselves, others, and the environment.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Primary Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) recite, read, and write short selected Surahs (chapters) of the Qur'an,
- b) demonstrate love, appreciation, and awareness of Allah (SWT) and His creation,
- c) demonstrate love and appreciation for the Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W),
- d) practise Islamic etiquette for social relations,
- e) perform acts of worship correctly,
- f) apply creativity and critical thinking skills in problem solving in accordance with Islamic teachings,
- g) use and conserve the immediate environment while observing Islamic teachings,
- h) co-exist harmoniously with people of other faiths and of different cultural backgrounds,
- i) practise hygiene and observe nutrition and safety, guided by Islamic principles.

SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUB-STRANDS

No	Strands	Sub-Strands	Number of Lessons
1.0	Qur'an	1.1 Arabic alphabet	10
		1.2 Selected Chapters (Surah)	16
2.0	Hadith	2.1 Hadith on Swalah	04
		2.2 Hadith on Iman	04
		2.3 Hadith on Love	04
3.0	Pillars of Iman	3.1 Belief in His Books	05
		3.2 Belief in His Prophets	05
4.0	Devotional Acts	4.1 Swalah (five daily prayers)	05
		4.2 Swalah (Rakaat)	07
5.0	Akhlaq	5.1 Islamic phrases(dua before sleeping and after waking up)	05
	(Moral Teachings)	5.2 Relationship	04
		5.2.1 Love and care for neighbours	
		5.2.1 Love and care for people with special needs	05
		5.3 Environment	05
		5.3.1 Caring for the school environment	
6.0	Siirah	6.1 Siirah(Guardians of the Prophet (S.A.W.)	05
7.0	Islamic Festivals	7.1 Islamic Festivals (<i>Jum'ah</i>)	06
Total	Number of Lessons		90

STRAND 1.0: QURAN

Strand	Sub-	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
	Strand	Outcomes		Question(s)
1.0 Quran	1.1 Arabic	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	Why should
	Alphabet	strand, the learner should	• identify the Arabic alphabet in four-letter words	one learn the
		be able to:	from flashcards/charts/digital devices and read	Arabic
	(10	a) identify the Arabic	them,	alphabet
	Lessons)	alphabet in four-letter words with long vowels, b) read four letter words with long vowels correctly in readiness for reading the Qur'an, c) appreciate the role of the Arabic alphabet in the reading of the Qur'an.	 listen to four-letter words with long vowels from a digital device/resource person/teacher/peer and imitate them, read four-letter words with long vowels (<i>Alif</i>, <i>Waaw</i>, and <i>Yaa</i>) from flashcards and correct one another, pick four-letter words with long vowels from a box and read them, pick alphabets with long (vowels), from four-letter words and read them, sort and group four-letter words from a basket/box and pronounce them. 	

Communication and Collaboration: skills of listening and speaking enhanced as learners listen and imitate four-letter words with vowels.

Values:

Unity: cooperation as learners work collaboratively to read four-letter words with *harakaat* or vowels (*fat-hatain*, *dhumatain*, *kasratain*, and *sukun*) from flashcards in pairs and correct one another.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: effective communication as learners read and pronounce four-letter words with vowels correctly.

Link to other Learning Activities: Reading and listening skills can be related to skills in Language Activities

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
	1.2 Selected	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	Why should
	Surah	strand, the learner should	• read Surah Al-Falaq in turns repeatedly	a Muslim
	 AL-Falaq 	be able to:	to memorise and use it in swalah,	recite Surah
	•	a) read Surah Al-Falaq	• use cards to fill gaps to complete	Al-Falaq?
	(8 Lessons)	correctly for	verses in Surah Al-Falaq,	
		performing swalah,	 sort and arrange the verses of Surah 	
		b) recite Surah Al-Falaq	Al-Falaq from pocket boards then	
		for use in day-to-day	read them,	
		life,	 listen to a teacher/resource person 	
		c) identify situations	explain situations when Surah Al-	
		when Surah Al-	Falaq is used (such as, in swalah,	
		Falaq is recited in	before sleeping, reading the Quran,	
		day-to-day life,	adhkar after every swalah, seeking	
		d) appreciate Surah Al	protection),	
		Falaq's recitation for	 role-play occasions when Surah Al- 	
		spiritual nourishment.	Falaq is recited.	

Communication and Collaboration: read Surah Al-Falaq in turns repeatedly to memorise it as learners sort and arrange the verses of Surah Al-Falaq correctly.

Values:

Responsibility: accountability is enhanced as learners engage in assigned roles and duties as they role-play occasions when Surah Al-Falaq is recited.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues: life skills: effective communication as learners read correctly the selected Surah.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
	1.3 Selected	By the end of the	The learner is guided to:	Why is Surah
	Surah:	sub-strand the	• listen to Surah Al-Ikhlas from a	Al-Ikhlas
	 Al-Ikhlas 	learner should be	teacher/resource person/digital device/peer	important in
		able to:	and repeat after them,	the daily life
		a) read surah Al-	• take turns reciting Surah Al-Ikhlas	of a Muslim?
	(8 Lessons)	Ikhlas accurately,	repeatedly and correct each other to enhance	
		b) recite surah Al-	memorisation,	
		Ikhlas for	• use cards with words to fill in gaps to	
		spiritual	complete verses in Surah Al-Ikhlas,	
		nourishment,	• sort and arrange the verses of surah Al-	
		c) identify	Ikhlas from pocket boards then read them,	
		situations when	 listen to a teacher/resource person in 	
		Surah Al-Ikhlas	situations when Surah Al-Ikhlas is used	
		is recited in day-	(such as, in <i>swalah</i> , before sleeping, reading	
		to-day life,	the Quran, adhkar after every swalah),	
		d) appreciate surah	 role-play occasions when Surah Al-Ikhlas is 	
		Al-Ikhlas	recited.	
		recitation for		
		spiritual		
		nourishment.		

Communication and Collaboration: enhanced as learners sort, arrange and read verses of Surah Al-Ikhlas.

Values:

Respect: enhanced as learners take turns to recite Surah Al-Ikhlas repeatedly and correct each other to enhance memorisation

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as learners take turns reciting Surah Al-Ikhlas repeatedly and correcting each other to enhance memorisation.

Link to other Learning Activities: the concept of reading/ reciting Surah Al-Ikhlas repeatedly can be related to the skills in Language activities.

Levels	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicators	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to read four-letter	Reads four-letter	Reads four-letter	Reads four-letter	Reads four-letter
words with vowels.	words with vowels	words with vowels	words with vowels	words with vowels
	correctly and	correctly.	but with some minor	with some major
	coherently.		incoherence.	incoherence.
Ability to read the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected
surahs.	surahs correctly and	surahs correctly.	surahs with minor	surahs with major
	with clear		errors.	errors.
	articulation.			

STRAND 2.0: Hadith

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question (s)
2.0 Hadith	2.1 Hadith on swalah (4 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) reads the Hadith on swalah for moral development, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on swalah in day-to-day life, c) appreciate the Hadith on swalah to earn rewards from Allah.	 The learner is guided to: read after the teacher the Hadith on swalah displayed on the wall, read the Hadith on swalah: "The best deed is to perform swalah on time," and correct each other, take turns to recite the Hadith on swalah repeatedly and memorise it, complete the Hadith on swalah by picking and arranging words from a pocket board or drag and drop using ICT, draw/model clock faces showing times of swalah, observe pictures of people praying in a mosque, recite a poem/sing a song or qasida on the importance of praying on time. 	Why should a Muslim pray on time?

Creativity and Imagination: enhanced as learners respond to simple instructions as they model/draw clock faces showing times of *swalah*.

Values:

Unity: as learner takes turns in activities and conversation when completing the Hadith on *swalah* by picking and arranging words from a pocket board or drag and drop using ICT

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: effective communication as learners give and respond to simple instructions as they model/draw clock faces showing times of *swalah*.

Link to other Learning Activities: as they learn/read passages on punctuality/time management can be related to skills in Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
	Strand			Question(s)
2.0 Hadith	Strand 2.2 Hadith on Iman (4 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) read the Hadith on <i>iman</i> for spiritual nourishment, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on <i>iman</i> in day-to-day life, c) appreciate the Hadith on <i>iman</i> in the promotion of	 The learner is guided to: read the selected Hadith; "Let him who believes in Allah (SWT) and the Last Day be generous to his neighbour." sort and arrange flashcards with words from the pocket board/drag and drop words using ICT to complete the Hadith, 	Question(s) How can one show generosity to their classmate?
		social cohesion.	 take turns to read the Hadith on <i>iman</i> written on a chart and correct one another, role-play ways in which a Muslim can show generosity to neighbours, share learning items to enhance generosity amongst them. 	

Core Competencies to be developed:

Creativity and Imagination: as learners sort and arrange flashcards with words from the pocket board/drag and drop words using ICT to complete the Hadith

Values:

Unity: as learners take turns in activities and conversation when completing the Hadith on *iman* by picking and arranging words from a pocket board or drag and drop using ICT

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: effective communication as learners give and respond to simple instructions as they read the Hadith on *iman* written on a chart and correct one another.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As learner reads the selected Hadith the concept can be related to skill in Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Hadith	2.3 Hadith on love (4 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) read the Hadith on love to inculcate the virtue of love, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on love in day-to-day life, c) appreciate the Hadith on love as a way of promoting brotherhood.	 The learner is guided to: read the Hadith on love: "None of you can be a true believer unless he loves for his brother what he loves for himself" take turns to read the Hadith on love and correct one another, fill gaps to complete the Hadith from a pool of flashcards and read it aloud, dramatise ways of showing love to others (such as sharing learning materials, and sharing meals). 	 How do you show love to your friends? What are the things that you share in class?

Critical thinking and Problem-solving: as learners dramatise ways of showing love to others.

Values:

Respect: as learners take turns to read the Hadith on love and correct one another.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: making choices as learners choose various options to show love to others.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As learner reads the selected Hadith on love can be related to skills in Language Activities.

Level Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to read the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected
Hadiths	Hadiths correctly and	Hadiths correctly	Hadiths with some	Hadiths with a lot of
	fluently	-	incoherence	incoherence

STRAND 3.0: PILLARS OF IMAN

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
3.0 Pillars of Iman	3.1 Belief in Allah's Books (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) name the books revealed by Allah (S.W.T.), b) identify the prophets the books were to be revealed to by Allah, c) appreciate the holy Books as sources of guidance to	 The learner is guided to: pick the names of the revealed books (Qur'an, <i>Injil</i>, <i>Taurat</i>, <i>Zabur</i>) with the names of the prophets to whom they were revealed from flashcards and match them, sing <i>qasida</i> on the revealed books and the prophets to whom they were revealed, 	Why are the holy books important to mankind?
		mankind.	• draw and colour the Holy Qur'an.	

Creativity and Imagination: as learners draw and colour the Holy Qur'an.

Values:

Unity: cooperation as learners collaborate with others as they sing *qasida* on the revealed books and the prophets to whom they were revealed.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skill: living with others, as learners sing *qasida* on the revealed books and the prophets to whom they were revealed.

Link to other Learning Activities: The concepts of singing, drawing, and colouring can be related to Creative Activities as learners draw and colour.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	3.2 Belief in His Prophets (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) name ten prophets mentioned in the Qur'an in their correct order, b) appreciate the Prophets of Allah (S.W.T.) in daily life.	 The learner is guided to: listen to a teacher/resource person or watch a video on the reasons why Allah (S.W.T.) sent prophets to mankind, pick names of the prophets mentioned in the Qur'an (Adam, Idris, Nuh, Hud, Swaleh, Ibrahim, Lut, Ismail, Ishaq, Yaqub) from flashcards and arrange them in sequence, listen to short stories from digital devices/teachers/resource persons or sing qasida on the 10 prophets. 	Why should a Muslim believe in prophets?

Creativity and Imagination: as the learners pick the names of the prophets mentioned in the Quran from flashcards and arrange them in sequence

Values:

Responsibility: as learners pick the names of the prophets mentioned in the Quran from flashcards and arrange them in sequence.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as learners undertake group work.

Link to other Learning Activities:

The concept of arranging the names in sequence can be related to Mathematics Activities.

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator			Expectations	
Ability to mention the	Mentions the holy books	Mentions the holy	Mentions some of the	Mentions one of the
holy books revealed by	revealed by Allah	books revealed by	holy books revealed	holy books revealed
Allah (S.W.T.).	(S.W.T.) with ease.	Allah (S.W.T.).	by Allah (S.W.T.).	by Allah (S.W.T.).
Ability to name 10	Names 10 Prophets	Names 10 Prophets	Names five-seven	Names less than
Prophets mentioned in	mentioned in the Qur'an	mentioned in the	Prophets mentioned	five Prophets
the Qur'an.	in their correct order	Qur'an in their	in the Qur'an in	mentioned in the
	consistently.	correct order.	their correct order.	Qur'an in their
				correct order.

STRAND 4.0: Devotional Acts

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Devotional Acts	4.1 SwalahThe five daily prayers(5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) name the five fardh prayers performed daily, b) perform the five daily prayers in fulfilment of a pillar of Islam, c) appreciate <i>Swalah</i> as	 The learner is guided to: match and sort the names of the daily prayers and their corresponding time using flashcards (such as dhuhur-lunch), watch a video clip of the five daily prayers and mention the names of <i>Swalah</i> they have observed, sing songs/qasida on the five daily prayers and their times, role-play the five daily prayers and when they are performed, draw and colour paper clocks on the five 	How do Muslims know the time for the five daily prayers?
		the second pillar of Islam.	daily prayers and their corresponding time.	

Communication and Collaboration: as learners listen critically and demonstrate understanding when mentioning the names of the five daily prayers.

Values:

Unity: as learners collaborate with others while roleplaying the five daily prayers and take roles to act.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: tolerance as learner takes turns while roleplaying the five daily prayers and when they are performed.

Link to other Learning Activities:

As learner sings songs/qasidas on the five daily prayers, and draws and colours paper clocks for the daily prayer, it can be related to Creative Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0	4.2 Swalah	By the end of the sub-strand the	The learner is guided to:	Which are
Devotional Acts	• Rakaat (7 Lessons)	learner should be able to: a) state the number of <i>rakaat</i> (units of prayer) for each of the five daily prayers, b) demonstrate the number of rakaat (units of prayer) for each of the five daily prayers, c) appreciate <i>rakaat</i> as an integral part of <i>Swalah</i> and its validity.	 match and sort using flashcards names of the daily prayers and their correct number of rakaat, watch a video clip of congregational prayers and mention the number of rakaat (units of prayer) for each of the five daily prayers they have observed, role-play the five daily prayers and their correct number of rakaat, sing songs/qasida on the daily prayers and their correct number of rakaat. 	rakaat in Swalah?

Creativity and Imagination: as learners role-play the five daily prayers and their correct number of *rakaat* (units of prayer) for each of the five daily prayers.

Values:

Unity: cooperation enhanced as learners collaborate with others as they role-play the five daily prayers and their correct number of *rakaat*.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as learners sing songs/qasida on the five daily prayers and role-play the five daily prayers and their correct number of *rakaat*

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners role-play the daily prayers and sing songs/qasida on the five daily prayers and their correct number of rakaat, it can be related to Mathematic Activities.

Levels	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicators	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to name the five daily	Names the five daily	Names the five daily	Names the five daily	Names the five daily
prayers.	prayers with ease.	prayers.	prayers with minor	prayers with major
			mistakes.	mistakes.
Ability to demonstrate the	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates some
postures of Swalah.	postures of Swalah	postures of Swalah.	postures of Swalah	of the postures of
	with exceptional		but with few errors.	Swalah with
	ability.			difficulties.

STRAND 5.0 AKHLAQ (MORAL TEACHINGS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq	5.1 Islamic	By the end of the sub-strand,	The learner is guided to:	Why should
(Moral	phrases	the learner should be able to:	• take turns to recite the <i>dua</i> before	a Muslim
Teachings)	Dua before sleeping and after waking up (5 Lessons)	 a) read the <i>dua</i> before sleeping and the dua after waking up as per the Sunnah, b) use the <i>dua</i> before sleeping and after waking up to seek Allah (S.W.T.)'s protection, c) appreciate the use of the <i>dua</i> before and after waking up in day-to-day life. 	sleeping; (Bi ismika Allahhumma amutu wa ahya" and the dua after waking up; (Alhamdulillahi alladhy ahyana ba'ada ma amatana wa ilaihi nnushur), • pick words of the dua on flashcards from boxes or pocket boards and complete the dua, • watch the dua before sleeping and after waking up from a digital device and recites afterwards, • role-play the manners of sleeping while reciting the dua.	recite dua before sleeping and after waking up?

Creativity and Imagination: as learners role-play manners of sleeping as they recite the related dua

Values:

Respect: enhanced as learners wait for their turn to pick words of the *dua* from boxes or pocket boards.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as learners role-play the manners of sleeping and sharing flashcards during the activities.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners recite the dua while demonstrating manners of sleeping, it can be related to Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq	5.2 Relationship	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	What
(Moral Teachings)	5.2.1 Love and care for neighbours (4 Lessons)	strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of showing love and care to neighbours as per Islamic teachings, b) demonstrate love and care for neighbours for harmonious coexistence, c) appreciate the need to accord love and care to neighbours as an act of <i>ibadah</i> .	 watch video clips on being good to neighbours (such as exchanging greetings, exchanging gifts, visiting, playing games) and mention ways of showing love and care to the neighbours they observed, listen to short stories/qasida (songs)/ poems with themes on good relations with neighbours from a digital device and sing the qasida, dramatise short skits demonstrating good relations with neighbours, role-play how to love and care for their neighbours. 	assistance/ help have you ever received from your neighbours?

Creativity and Imagination: make thoughtful choices as they role-play ways of showing love and care for the neighbours.

Values:

Love: caring as learners portray a caring attitude while dramatising short skits demonstrating good relations with neighbours

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: social cohesion as learners role-play how to love and care for their neighbours

Link to other Learning Activities: as they learn about neighbours the concept can be related to Environmental Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq (Moral Teachings)	5.2.2 Love and Care for People with Special Needs	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify ways of showing love and	The learner is guided to: • watch video clips on ways of according love and care to people with special needs and mention what they observed,	Why should a Muslim show love and care to
	(5 Lessons)	showing love and care to people with special needs, b) demonstrate love and care for people with special needs to earn rewards from Allah, c) appreciate caring for people with special needs as an act of ibadah.	 role-play how to help people with special needs (such as a visually impaired person to cross the road), draw and colour devices/equipment used by people with special needs, such as a wheelchair, crutches, white cane, dramatise how to take care of people with special needs. 	people with special needs?

Creativity and Imagination: as learners draw and colour devices/equipment used by people with special needs.

Values:

Love: caring by portraying a caring attitude as learners role-play how to help people with special needs.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: diversity is enhanced as learners role-play how to love and care for people with special needs.

Link to other Learning Activities: The concept of drawing and colouring devices/equipment used by people with special needs can be related to Creative Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq	5.3	By the end of the sub-strand	The learner is guided to:	Why should
(Moral	Environment	the learner should be able	• listen to a story from the	we keep our
Teachings)	Caring for the School Environment (5 Lessons)	to: a) outline ways of caring for the school environment for healthy living, a) engage in cleanliness activities that promote care for the school environment, b) appreciate the importance of learning in a clean school environment as a Muslim.	teacher/resource person/digital devices on ways of caring for the school environment and mention the ways of caring for the school environment in class, clean footpaths within the school compound and remove any harmful objects along the path, identify items used in cleaning the school compound and make them using locally available materials (such as dust pans and brooms), clean their school compound, take short videos, and share them using digital platforms.	school compound clean?

Digital Literacy: as learners take short videos while cleaning the school compound and share them using digital platforms. Self-efficacy: as learners clean footpaths within the school compound and remove any harmful objects along the path.

Values:

Responsibility: as learners care and maintain a clean school environment.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Health issues: preventive health as learners clean their school compound.

Child Road Safety: as learners clean footpaths within the school compound and remove any harmful objects along the path.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners clean the school compound the concept can be related to Environmental Activities.

Levels	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicators	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to recite the <i>duas</i> before sleeping and after waking up.	Recites the <i>dua</i> before sleeping and after waking up and demonstrates manners of sleeping.	Recites the <i>dua</i> before sleeping and after waking up.	Uses the <i>dua</i> before sleeping and after waking up with minimal challenges.	Uses the <i>dua</i> before sleeping but has a challenge with the dua after waking up.
Ability to outline ways of caring for the school environment.	Outlines ways of caring for the school environment with relevant pictures.	Outlines ways of caring for the school environment.	Outlines ways of caring for the school environment with little help.	Outlines ways of caring for the school environment but with a few errors.

STRAND 6.0 SIIRAH (THE LIFE OF THE PROPHET (S.A.W.))

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
6.0	6.1	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	What roles
SIIRAH	Guardians	strand the learner should	 pick and identify the names of the 	did the
(The life	of the	be able to:	guardians of the prophet (S.A.W.)	guardians
of the	Prophet	a) name three guardians	(AbdulMutalib, Halimah Saadiyyah, and	of the
prophet (S.A.W.))	(S.A.W.) (5 Lessons)	of the prophet	Abu Talib) from flashcards,	prophet
(S.A. W.))	(3 Lessons)	(S.A.W.) to	 storytell on the childhood of the prophet 	(S.A.W.)
		understand his	(S.A.W.) under the care of his guardians,	play in his
		background,	• watch and listen to the story of the prophet	upbringing?
		b) identify roles played by	(S.A.W.) under the care of Halimah	
		the guardians of the	Saadiyah from a resource person or digital	
		prophet (S.A.W.) in his	devices and state her roles as a	
		early upbringing,	guardian/foster mother,	
		c) appreciate the role	• watch and listen to a narration of the story of	
		played by the prophet	the Prophet (S.A.W.) under the care of his	
			grandfather and uncle from an	
		, , ,		
		(S.A.W.)'s guardians in his early upbringing.	audio/resource person/digital device and give the roles played by them.	

Communication and Collaboration: as learners storytell on the childhood of the prophet (S.A.W.) under the care of his guardians.

Values:

Unity: enhanced as learners watch and listen to the story of the prophet (S.A.W.) under the care of his foster mother/guardian/uncle and state the roles they played.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: skills of effective communication developed as learners give and respond to simple verbal and non-verbal instructions as they story tell.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners storytell on the childhood of the prophet (S.A.W.) under the care of his guardians, it can be related to Language Activities.

Levels	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicators	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to identify the roles	Identifies the roles	Identifies the roles	Identifies the roles	Identifies the role
played by the guardians of	played by the	played by the	played by the	played by the
the prophet (S.A.W.)	guardians of the	guardians of the	guardians of the	guardians of the
	prophet (S.A.W.)	prophet (S.A.W.).	prophet (S.A.W.)	prophet (S.A.W.)
	elaborately.		with a few errors.	with many errors.

STRAND 7.0: Islamic Festivals

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
7.0 Islamic Festivals	7.1 Jum'ah (6 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) name the activities performed before <i>Jum'ah</i> prayers for spiritual nourishment, b) perform the <i>Jum'ah</i> prayer to attain rewards from Allah (S.W.T.), c) appreciate <i>Jum'ah</i> as the <i>Eid</i> of the week.	 The learner is guided to: watch video clips on <i>Jum'ah</i> prayers as a weekly festival for Muslims and mention the activities done by Muslims before and during <i>Jum'ah</i> prayers (for example, cutting the nails, <i>ghusl</i>, wearing clean clothes, early attendance to the mosque, extending salutations of the Prophet (S.A.W.), sing <i>qasida</i> on the activities performed by Muslims before <i>Jum'ah</i> prayers, role-play the activities performed by Muslims before <i>Jum'ah</i> prayers, draw and colour a mosque. 	Why is Jum'ah an important day among Muslims?

Learning to Learn: develops relationships as learners role-play activities of Jum'ah prayer.

Values:

Love: sharing as they share available resources when drawing and colouring the mosque.

Link to PCIs: Life Skills:

Interpersonal relations - as learners engage in group activities.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners learn about Eid of the week, it can be related to concepts in Environmental Activities on holidays.

Levels	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to mention the	Mentions six	Mentions six	Mentions three-five	Mentions less than
activities performed by	activities performed	activities performed	activities performed	three activities
Muslims before Jum'ah	by Muslims before	by Muslims before	by Muslims before	performed by
prayers.	Jum'ah prayers with	Jum'ah prayers.	Jum'ah prayers.	Muslims before
	revenant example.			Jum'ah prayers.

APPENDIX: SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS, RESOURCES, AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-Strand	Suggested Assessment	Suggested Resources	Suggested Non-Formal
		Methods		Activities
Qur'an	Arabic	Oral questions, Portfolio,	Flashcards, charts, The	Invite a resource person to
	Alphabets	and Observation	Qur'an/Juzuu, pocket boards and	guide on the writing of the
	Selected Surahs		digital devices, resource	Arabic alphabet.
		Written assessment, oral	persons/online sources	
		assessment, observation,		Attending madrasa after
		portfolio	The Qur'an, flashcards, pocket	school to learn the Arabic
			boards, charts, course books,	alphabet.
			digital devices, reference	
			materials/online sources.	Recite the Qur'an to
				parents/guardians, and siblings
				for confirmation and
				memorisation.
				Recite the selected surahs
				during AGMs, clubs and
				societies meetings, assemblies
TT 1141	0.1 . 1.11 11.1			etc.
Hadith	Selected Hadith	Checklist, Oral questions,	Pocket board, charts, Clock, books	Attend madrasa after school to
		Written assessment,	on Hadith, course books, digital	learn and memorise the
		Portfolio, and observation	devices, online sources	selected hadith.
				Dragting showing with masses in
				Practise sharing with peers in
				the school.

Pillars of Iman	Belief in His Books	Written assessment, oral assessments, portfolio and observation	The Qur'an, books on Hadith, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources, flashcards, Pocket Boards	Sing qasida at home on the revealed Books to siblings and parents/guardians.
	Belief in His Prophets	Written assessment, oral assessment, portfolio assessment, observation	The Qur'an, books on Hadith, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources, flashcards, Pocket Boards	Listen to the stories of the Prophets from elder siblings and friends out of school.
Devoti onal Acts	Five Daily Prayers	written assessment, oral assessment, observation, portfolio	Quran, charts, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources	Perform prayer at home and in the mosque
	Postures of Swalah	Checklist, written assessment, oral assessment, observation, Portfolio	Charts, a resource person, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources, a praying mat, video clips, photographs.	Visit a nearby mosque and perform Swalah in the congregation.
	Rakaat Akhlaq Dua before sleeping and after waking up	Written assessment, oral assessment, portfolio assessment, observation	Course books, charts, flashcards, digital devices, reference materials/online sources, resource person	Sing poem/qasida on the number of <i>rakaat</i> for each of the five daily prayers. Attend madrasa after school to
			Charts, flashcards, Qur'an, books on Hadith, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources	learn Duas.

	Love and Care for neighbours Love and care for people with special needs	Written assessment and oral assessment, portfolio assessment, observation, Checklist	Resource person, Qur'an, books on Hadith, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources, crutches, wheelchair, photos/pictures of audio-visual aids	Join the neighbours in cleaning the neighbourhood environment. Learners help people with disabilities outside the school environment.
	Caring for the school environment	Written and oral assessments, observation, portfolio	Quran, books of Hadith, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources	Planting trees and caring for them in the school compound. Coloring posters/charts on discouraging littering in classes, school transport and display in class and school transport
Siirah (Life of the Prophet	Guardians of the Prophet (SAW)	Written assessment oral assessments, observation, portfolio	Resource person, flashcards, charts, Books of <i>siirah</i> , course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources	Narrating the event of the birth of the Prophet (S.A.W) to other siblings and family members
Islamic Festivals	Jum'ah	Written assessment and oral assessment, portfolio assessment, observation	Resource person, course books, digital devices, reference materials/online sources, colour, crayons, manila, papers, brooms, water	Participating in congregational Jum'ah prayers

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION ACTIVITIES GRADE 3

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Kenya is a state where people subscribe to various religions. The National Goal of Education, No. 4, advocates for the Promotion of sound Morals and Religious values among learners. Religious Education is one of the ways of inculcating these values in learners.

Islamic Religious education activities aim at equipping the learner with knowledge, skills, values and attitudes that assist them grow up socially, emotionally and spiritually as balanced persons. The strands covered in this activity area are: Qur'an, Hadith, Devotional Acts, *Siirah* (Life of the Prophet) and Islamic Festivals. The teacher of Islamic Religious education is encouraged to use learner-centered approaches. This learning area helps the learner acquire values and skills that enables them to be responsible and ethical citizens who are at peace with Allah (SWT), self, others and the environment.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Primary Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) recite, read and write short selected Surahs (chapters) of the Qur'an.
- b) demonstrate love, appreciation and awareness of Allah (SWT) and His creation.
- c) demonstrate love and appreciation for the Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W).
- d) practise Islamic etiquette for social relations.
- e) perform acts of worship correctly.
- f) apply creativity and critical thinking skills in problem solving in accordance with Islamic teachings,
- g) use and conserve the immediate environment while observing Islamic teachings
- h) Co-exist harmoniously with people of other faiths and of different cultural backgrounds.
- i) Practice hygiene and observe nutrition and safety, guided by Islamic principles

SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUB STRANDS

No	Strands	Sub-Strands	Number of
			Lessons
1.0	Qur'an	1.1 Selected Chapters (Surah)	24
2.0	Hadith	2.1 Hadith on Ihsaan	06
		2.2 Hadith on Honesty	06
		2.3 Hadith on Respect	06
3.0			04
		3.2 Belief in His Power	04
4.0	Devotional Acts	4.1.1 Swalah Postures and phrases of Prayers	07
5.0	Akhlaq 5.1 Islamic etiquette (Manners of entering and leaving Masjid)		04
	(Moral Teachings)	foral Teachings) 5.2 Islamic phrases	
		5.3. Relationship (care and dua for the sick)	05
		5.3.1 places of worship	04
		5.4 Environment Care (care for animals (domestic)	04
6.0	Siirah	6.1 Early of the Prophet (S.A.W.)	06
7.0	Islamic Festivals	7.1 Milad un Nabii	03
		7.2 Aqiqa	03
Total	Number of Lessons		90

STRAND 1.0: QUR'AN

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
1.0	1.1	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	What are the
Qur'an	Selected:	strand the learner should be	• listen to surah al- Masad from the	benefits of learning
	• Surah al-	able to:	teacher/resource person/digital	surah al- Masad?
	Masad	a) read surah al- Masad	device/peers and repeat after them,	
		correctly for application,	• take turns reciting surah al- Masad repeatedly and correct each other to	
	(8 Lessons)	b) recite surah al- Masad in preparation for day-to-day life,	 enhance memorisation, use cards with words to fill in gaps to complete verses of surah al- Masad, 	
		c) appreciate surah al- Masad for spiritual nourishment.	 sort and arrange the verses of surah al- Masad from pocket boards then read them. 	

Core Competencies to be developed:

Creativity and Imagination: as learners sort and arrange the verses of surah al- Masad.

Values:

Unity: cooperation is enhanced as learners take turns reciting surah al- Masad repeatedly and correct each other to enhance memorisation.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: a healthy relationship is promoted as learners practise reciting surah al- Masad during prayers.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners recite surah al- Masad they develop skills in Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
	Strand			
1.0	1.2	By the end of the sub-strand,	The learner is guided to:	What are the benefits of
Qur'an	Selected:	the learner should be able to:	• listen to Surah An-Nasr from	learning Surah An-Nasr?
	• Surah	a) read Surah An-Nasr	the teacher/resource	
	An-	correctly for spiritual	person/digital devices/peers and	
	Nasr	nourishment,	repeat after them,	
		b) recite Surah An-Nasr	• take turns to recite Surah An-	
	(8	in preparation for day-	Nasr repeatedly and correct	
	Lessons)	to-day life,	each other to enhance	
		c) appreciate the Quran	memorisation,	
		as the revealed Book	• use cards with words to fill in	
		of Allah (S.W.T.).	gaps to complete verses in	
			Surah An-Nasr,	
			• sort and arrange the verses of	
			Surah An-Nasr from pocket	
			boards then read it.	

Creativity and Imagination: as learners sort and arrange the verses of Surah An-Nasr in their correct order.

Values:

Unity: is enhanced as learners take turns to recite Surah An-Nasr repeatedly and correct each other to enhance memorisation

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Effective communication: as learners listen to Surah An-Nasr from the teacher/resource person/digital devices/peers and repeat after them.

Link to other Learning Activities: Reading skills as the learner reads Surah An-Nasr which can be related to skills in English Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Qur'an	1.3 Selected Surah: • Al-Kafirun (8 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) read Surah Al-Kafirun correctly for spiritual nourishment, b) recite Surah Al-Kafirun in preparation for day-to-day life, c) appreciate the Quran as the revealed Book of Allah (S.W.T.).	 The learner is guided to: listen to Surah Al-Kafirun from the teacher/resource person/digital devices/peers and repeat after them, take turns to recite Surah Al-Kafirun repeatedly and correct each other to enhance memorisation, use cards with words to fill in gaps to complete verses in Surah Al-Kafirun, sort and arrange the verses of Surah Al-Kafirun from pocket boards then read them. 	What are the benefits of learning Surah Al-Kafirun?

Communication and Collaboration: sorting as learners sort and arrange the verses of Surah Al-Kafirun correctly.

Values:

Unity: cooperation is enhanced as learners take turns to recite Surah Al-Kafirun repeatedly and correct each other to enhance memorisation

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: interpersonal relations as learners take turns to recite Surah Al-Kafirun repeatedly and correct each other to enhance memorisation.

Link to other Learning Activities: Reading skills as they read Al-Kafirun which can be related to skills in English Language Activities.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to recite the selected surahs	Recites the selected surahs with clear	Recites the selected surahs	Recites the selected surahs with minor	Recites the selected surahs with major
	articulations		errors	errors

STRAND 2.0 HADITH

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Hadith	2.1 Hadith on Ihsaan (6 lessons)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) read the Hadith on Ihsaan for spiritual nourishment, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on Ihsan to strengthen the consciousness of Allah (S.W.T.), c) appreciate the Hadith on Ihasan as a way of nurturing piety.	 The learner is guided to: read the Hadith on <i>Ihsaan</i> from digital devices/flipcharts/manila paper/chart/PowerPoint, "To worship Allah (S.W.T.) as if you see Him for if you do not see Him, He sees you." take turns to read the Hadith on <i>Ihsaan</i> and correct one another, listen to short stories depicting <i>Ihsaan</i> and then tell them in class, share personal experiences where they practised <i>Ihsaan</i>, sing qasida/poems on the importance of upholding <i>Ihsaan</i> as per the hadith. 	Why should a Muslim worship Allah (S.W.T.) as if he/she sees Him?

Core Competencies to be developed:

Communication and Collaboration: as learners listen to short stories depicting *Ihsaan* and then tell them in class.

Values:

Unity: as learners take turns to read the Hadith on *Ihsaan* and correct one another.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skill: living with others as learners take turns to read the Hadith on *Ihsaan* and correct one another.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners read the selected Hadith in turns, it can be related to English Language Activities skills.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Hadith	2.2 Hadith on Honesty (5 Lessons)	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) read the Hadith on honesty for spiritual nourishment, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on honesty to strengthen consciousness of Allah (S.W.T.), c) appreciate the Hadith on Honesty as a way of nurturing integrity in the society.	 The learner is guided to: read the Hadith on honesty from digital devices/flipcharts/manila papers/charts, "Speak the truth even if it is bitter," read the Hadith on honesty and correct each other, pick flashcards from a box/pocket board, complete the Hadith on honesty, and read it, share experiences where they have practised honesty, sing qasida/poems on the benefits of the hadith on honesty. 	Why is it important for a Muslim to practise honesty?

Self-efficacy: reflection on its own - as learners share experience where honesty is applied.

Values:

Honesty: enhanced as learners choose to do the right things always as they share experiences in class.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: honesty and integrity is enhanced as learners story-tell on instances when honesty is practised.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners read the selected Hadith and correct each other, it can be related to English Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
	Strand	Outcomes		Question(s)
2.0 Hadith	2.3 Hadith on Respect (5 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) read the Hadith on respect for spiritual nourishment, b) apply the teachings of the Hadith on respect, to strengthen the consciousness of Allah, c) appreciate the benefit of respect in nurturing harmony in the society.	 The learner is guided to: read the Hadith on respect from digital devices/flipcharts/manila papers/charts/PowerPoint; "He is not among us he who does not show mercy to our young ones and does not respect the elders," take turns to read the hadith on respect and correct each other to enhance memorisation, listen to a story on the instances where respect is depicted and role-play, share experiences where they have practised respect, sing qasida/poems on the benefits of the hadith on respect. 	How should one behave in the company of elders/parents/teachers?

Communication and Collaboration: as the learner reads and shares experiences where respect is practised.

Values:

Respect: is enhanced as learners take turns to read the Hadith on respect and correct each other.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: Living with others enhanced as learners take turns in reading the Hadith and assist each other to do the same.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners read the Hadith in turns, it can be related to skills in English Language Activities.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to read the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected	Reads the selected
Hadiths and give their	Hadiths, gives the	Hadiths and gives	Hadiths and gives	Hadiths and gives their
teachings.	teachings, and	their teachings.	their teachings with	teachings with some
	shares a relevant		little guidance.	difficulties.
	personal experience.			

STRAND 3.0 PILLARS OF IMAN

3.0 Belief Pillars of Iman Day By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) give other names of By the end of the substrand, the learner is guided to: be able to: a) give other names of by the end of the substrand, the learner is guided to: be watch video clips on the Last Day from the internet/digital devices and mention the other names of the Last succession.	Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
good deeds in practise. Day, oreadiness for the Last Day. Day, oreadiness for the practise.	Pillars	in the Last Day (4	strand, the learner should be able to: a) give other names of the Last Day, b) mention good deeds a person can perform in preparation for the Last Day, c) appreciate the performance of good deeds in readiness for the	 watch video clips on the Last Day from the internet/digital devices and mention the other names of the Last Day (For example, Yaumul Aakhir, Yaumul Qiyama, Yaumul Ba'ath, Yaumul Hisab, Yaumul Jazaa), listen to short stories on good deeds (for example, good behaviour, respecting elders, teachers, parents, helping others), sing/recite qasida/poems on the Last Day, role-play good deeds a learner can 	should you do to be successful on the Last

Creativity and Imagination: communicating ideas confidently as the learners sing/recite *qasida/anashid/*poems on the events of the Last Day.

Values:

Unity: is enhanced as learners role-play good deeds that they can practise in their day-to-day life.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as they role-play good deeds that they can practise in their day-to-day life.

Link to other Learning Activities: singing/reciting poems on various events/themes is related to Language Activities

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
3.0	3.2. Belief in	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	1. What are some
Pillars	Allah	strand the learner should	• listen to a teacher/resource person narrating their	of the unique
of	(S.W.T.)'s	be able to:	belief in the Power of Allah (S.W.T.),	creations of
Iman	Power	a) name some	• watch video clips on the wonders/powers of	Allah
	(Qadar)	creatures of Allah	Allah (S.W.T.) and narrate what they have	(S.W.T.)?
		(S.W.T.) from their	observed,	2. Which
	(4 Lessons)	immediate	• draw and colour some unique creations of Allah	bounties depict
		environment,	(S.W.T.) from their immediate environment,	the power of
		b)draw unique creations	• tell stories /role-play the events which happened	Allah(S.W.T.)?
		of Allah (S.W.T.) from	to them and manifested the Powers of Allah	
		their immediate	(S.W.T.),	
		environment,	• pick and sort the things that indicate the powers	
		c) appreciate the Power of	of Allah (S.W.T.) using flashcards,	
		Allah (S.W.T.) as a	• sing/recite qasida/anashid/poems that depict the	
		pillar of Iman.	powers of Allah (S.W.T.).	

Creativity and Imagination: as learners draw and colour some unique creations of Allah (S.W.T.) from their immediate environment that depict the powers of Allah (S.W.T.).

Values:

Respect: enhanced as the learners appreciate diverse opinions as they tell stories/role-play events that happened to them and manifested the powers of Allah (S.W.T.)

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Respect: enhanced as learners pick flashcards from pocket boards with the events/things that indicate the powers of Allah. (S.W.T.).

Link to other Learning Activities: learners draw and colour some unique creations of Allah (S.W.T.) which is a skill related to Creative Arts.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to give other names of	Gives other names of	Gives other names of	Gives other names of	Gives some of the
the Last Day.	the Last Day with	the Last Day.	the Last Day with	names of the Last
	ease.		little guidance.	Day with challenge.
Ability to draw unique	Draws unique	Draws unique	Draws unique	Draws unique
creations of Allah (S.W.T.)	creations of Allah	creations of Allah	creations of Allah	creations of Allah
from the immediate	(S.W.T.) from the	(S.W.T.) from the	(S.W.T.) from the	(S.W.T.) from the
environment.	immediate	immediate	immediate	immediate
	environment	environment.	environment with	environment with
	creatively.		minor gaps.	major gaps.

STRAND 4.0: DEVOTIONAL ACTS

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
4.0	4.1 Swalah	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	How do we
Devotional	Postures	strand the learner should	• watch video clips showing the performance	perform
Acts	and	be able to:	of <i>swalah</i> and the phrases used in each	swalah?
	Phrases	a) identify the correct	posture of swalah (takbiratul ihram, subhana	
	in	phrases for each	Allah wabihamdihi, sami'a Allah liman	
	Swalah.	posture of swalah,	hamida, subhana Rabi'al A'la wa bihamdihi,	
		b) Recite the phrases	Rabi ghfirlii, tashahhud,	
		for each posture of	taslim),	
	(6 Lessons)	swalah,	• sort and match the phrases from a flashcard	
		c) appreciate the	(takbiratul ihram, subhana Allah	
		correct	wabihamdihi, sami'a Allah liman hamida,	
		performance of	subhana <i>Rabi'al A'la wa bihamdih</i> i, <i>Rabi</i>	
		swalah by reciting	ghfirlii, tashahhud, taslim) with correct	
		phrases in each	postures,	
		posture.	• record oneself using a digital device while	
		_	saying the phrases for each posture and share with friends.	

Digital Literacy: as the learner records self-performing swalah using a digital device.

Values:

Responsibility: accountability as learners engage in assigned roles and duties when picking the pillars of *swalah* from flashcards and arranging them in sequence.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: effective communication as learners give and respond to instructions when demonstrating the performance of *swalah*.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners pick the pillars of *swalah* from flashcards and arrange them in relation to relevant phrases that can be related to Mathematic activities.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Level	Exceeding Expectations	Meeting	Approaching	Below Expectations
Indicator		Expectations	Expectations	
Ability to recite and	Recites and matches	Recites and matches	Recites and matches	Recites and matches
match phrases with	phrases with their postures	phrases with their	phrases with their postures	phrases with their
their postures of	of swalah and demonstrates	postures of swalah.	of swalah but with minor	postures of <i>swalah</i>
swalah.	them.		mix-ups.	with major mix-ups.

STRAND 5.0: AKHLAQ (MORAL TEACHINGS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq	5.1 Islamic	By the end of the	The learner is guided to:	Why is a
(Moral	Etiquette	sub-strand the	• watch video clips on how to enter and leave the	masjid
Teachings)	• Manners of	learner should be	masjid and then mention what they have	important to a
	Entering	able to:	observed on the manners of entering and leaving	Muslim?
	and	a) state the	the <i>masjid</i> (such as reciting the <i>dua</i> for entering	
	Leaving the	importance of a	the masjid, entering on your right foot first,	
	Masjid	masjid in their	observing silence while in the masjid, leaving	
		day-to-day life,	the masjid on your left foot first, reciting the dua	
		b) demonstrate the	for leaving the masjid),	
	(4 Lessons)	appropriate	• reciting the <i>dua</i> for entering the mosque	
		manners of	(Allahumma ftahliy ab-waba Rahmatik), and the	
		entering and	dua for leaving (Allahumma inna nas-aluka min	
		leaving the	fadhlik) displayed on a chart/classroom walls,	
		masjid in day-to-	• pick and arrange words from flashcards to	
		day life,	complete the <i>dua</i> for entering and leaving the	
		c) appreciate the	masjid,	
		masjid manners	• collaborate in dramatising the manners of	
		in the life of a	entering and leaving the masjid together with the	
		Muslim.	dua.	

Creativity and Imagination: as learner make thoughtful choices as they dramatise the manners of entering and leaving the *masjid*.

Values:

Respect: as learner have a positive regard for self and others as they dramatise the manners of entering and leaving the masjid.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: living with others as learner takes turns in picking and arranging words from flashcards to complete the *dua* for entering and leaving the *masjid*.

Link to other Learning Activities: the concept of reciting dua for entering and leaving the *masjid* can be related to Language activity skills.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq (Moral Teachings)	5.2 Islamic phrasesHasbunAllah wa ni'imal wakil	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) state the circumstances	The learner is guided to: • watch a video clip on the selected Islamic phrases then recite them,	Why should a Muslim apply the selected
	• La hawla wa la Quwwata illa billahi (4 Lessons)	under which the selected Islamic phrases are said in their day-to-day life, b) read the selected Islamic phrases correctly to build reliance on Allah (S.W.T.), c) appreciate the use of the selected Islamic phrases in	 role-play the situations when it is appropriate to use the selected Islamic phrases, take turns to read the selected Islamic phrases from charts and correct each other, use words in flashcards to 	phrases?
		their day-to-day experiences.	complete the selected Islamic phrases and read them.	

Creativity and Imagination: as learners make thoughtful choices as they role-play the situations appropriate to use the selected Islamic phrases.

Values:

Respect: as learner takes turns reading the selected Islamic phrases.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life skills: empathy as learners take turns when role-playing the situations appropriate to use the selected Islamic phrases

Link to other Learning Activities: the concept can be related to courtesy phrases like thank you, welcome, and same to you in English Language Activities.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
-	5.3 Relationship • 5.3.1 Care and dua for the sick (4 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) recite the <i>dua</i> for the sick for spiritual growth, b) identify ways of showing care for the sick to enhance brotherhood, c) appreciate the importance of visiting the sick as an act of <i>ibadah</i> .	 The learner is guided to: listen from a teacher/peer then recite the dua for the sick; As-al Allah al-Adhim, Rabb al-Arsh al-Adhim, an yashfiyak, dramatise ways of showing care for the sick, (such as, visit them, pray for them, assist them.), take turns to recite the dua for the sick and correct each other, role-play ways of helping the sick. 	What do you do when a member of the family is sick?

Creativity and Imagination: makes thoughtful choices as they dramatise the ways of showing care for the sick.

Values:

Love: as the learner recites the dua for the sick and dramatising the ways of showing care for the sick

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: Empathy as learners take turns to recite the dua for the sick and correct each other.

Link to other Learning Activities: The concept of visiting and caring for the sick can be related to Environmental activities

Strand	Sub –Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq	5.3.2 Places of	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	1. What symbols
(Moral	Worship	strand, the learner	 watch video clips from digital 	differentiate
Teachings)		should be able to:	devices/view pictures and identify	the places of
_	(4 Lessons)	a) name the places of	the different places of worship	worship for
		worship for various	shown in the video clips/pictures	various
		religions to	(such as masjid, church, and	religious
		acknowledge diversity,	temple) then draw and colour them,	groups?
		b) identify the different	• listen to a resource person/ a	2. What
		symbols for places of	teacher as they describe the	activities
		worship to show	different religious groups that use	take place in
		respect for other	the masjid, church, and temple,	a mosque?
		religions,	 sort and match the names of places 	
		c) appreciate places of	of worship and their corresponding	
		worship for other	religions using flashcards,	
		religions to enhance	 model the symbols of different 	
		peaceful co-existence.	religious groups.	

Creativity and Imagination: as learners model, draw, and colour places of worship.

Values:

Respect: as learners name, identify symbols, model, draw different places worship.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: unity and cooperation as learners work in pairs when drawing and colouring places of worship.

Link to other Learning Activities: The concept of drawing, colouring and modelling (skills) symbols for different places of worship is related to the concepts in Creative Arts.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
5.0 Akhlaq	5.4	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	1. Which
(Moral	Environment	strand, the learner	observe a chart/ with pictures of domestic	domestic
Teachings)	• Care for	should be able to:	animals and name them,	animals are
	Animals	a) mention various	draw and colour domestic animals found in	found in
	(domestic)	ways of caring for	their locality,	your
	(3 Lessons)	domestic animals as per the teachings of Islam, b) care for domestic animals according to the teachings of Islam, c) appreciate caring for domestic animals as part of the creations of Allah (S.W.T.).	 watch video clips showing various forms of care given to domestic animals (such as feeding, protection from harm, providing water, treating them when they fall sick, not overloading them when used as a form of transport) and role-play the care given to domestic animals, listen to short stories on care for domestic animals from digital devices/teacher/resource person and retell, sing qasida (songs) and poems on care for domestic animals. 	locality? 2. How can you care for domestic animals?

Creativity and Imagination: as learners make thoughtful choices as they draw and colour the domestic animals.

Values:

Love: as learners portray a caring attitude and take turns to role-play the ways of taking care of domestic animals.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: empathy as learners demonstrate the types of care accorded to animals while roleplaying.

Link to other Learning Activities: The concept of caring for domestic animals can be related to Agriculture.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Levels	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicators			Expectations	
Ability to use the selected	Uses the selected	Uses the selected	Uses the selected	Uses the selected
Islamic phrases.	Islamic phrases with	Islamic phrases.	Islamic phrases with	Islamic phrases but
	excellent articulations.		minor mistakes.	with major mistakes.
Ability to demonstrate the	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates the	Demonstrates the
manners of entering and	manners of entering	manners of entering	manners of entering	manners of entering
leaving the masjid.	and leaving the masjid	and leaving the	and leaving the	but has challenges in
	using illustrations.	masjid.	masjid with little	demonstrating
			guidance.	leaving the masjid.

STRAND 6.0 SIIRAH

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Question(s)
6.0	6.1 Early	By the end of the sub-	The learner is guided to:	What was the
Siirah	life of the	strand, the learner	 listen to a short story of the prophet 	character of
	Prophet	should be able to:	(S.A.W.)'s early life from a digital	the Prophet
	(S.A.W.)	a) mention the activities	device/teacher/resource person (for	(S.A.W.)
		that were carried out by	example, as a shepherd, journey with his	during his
		the prophet (S.A.W.)	uncle to Syria for trade) and retell,	early life?
	(5 Lessons)	during the early stages of	• take turns narrating the activities that were	
		his life,	carried out by the prophet (S.A.W.) in his	
		b) identify the qualities	early life- as a shepherd, merchant,	
		that can be learnt from	 pick and read flashcards with the list of 	
		the Prophet (S.A.W.)	the qualities of the Prophet (S.A.W.)	
		early life,	derived from his early life (for example.	
		c) appreciate the qualities	hardworking, trustworthy, truthfulness,	
		of the Prophet	humble, obedient and patient),	
		(S.A.W.) in shaping the	• sing <i>qasidas</i> /poems on the qualities of the	
		life of a Muslim.	Prophet (S.A.W.) in his early life.	

Learning to Learn: develops relationships as learners narrate the activities that were carried out by the prophet (S.A.W.) in his early life.

Values:

Responsibility: accountability as learners take turns narrating the activities that were carried out by the prophet (S.A.W.) in his early life - shepherd, merchant

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: Effective communication- as learners take turns in narrating the activities that were carried out by the prophet (S.A.W.) in his early life.

Link to other Learning Activities: The concept of the early life of the prophet (S.A.W.) can be related to Environmental Activities.

STRAND 7.0 ISLAMIC FESTIVALS

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
7.0 Islamic Festivals	7.1 Milad un – Nabii (3 Lessons)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) name the date, day and month the Prophet was born b) outline the activities that take place during the Milad un-Nabiic for remembrance of the Prophet (S.A.W.)'s life, c) appreciate the siirah of the prophet (S.A.W.) as the foundation of Islamic History.	 The learner is guided to: listen to peers and watch video clips on qasida in praise of the Prophet (S.A.W.) and then sing the qasida, sing qasidas in praise of the Prophet (S.A.W.), name the attributes of the Prophet (S.A.W.), discuss what a Muslim can learn from Milad un Nabii (for example, love and respect for the prophet (S.A.W.), reminds Muslims of the teachings of the prophet (S.A.W.), teaches the Muslims the birth and life of the prophet (S.A.W.), strengthens unity among Muslims, promotes the noble character of the prophet (S.A.W.)), role-play the activities that take place 	How do you celebrate your birthday?
			among Muslims, promotes the noble character of the prophet (S.A.W.)),	

Core Competencies to be developed to be developed:

Citizenship: appropriate interaction with others - as the learners role-play the activities that take place during *Milad un Nabii*

Values:

Unity: as leaners display team spirit as they work in groups to role-play the activities that take place during Milad un Nabii.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life skills: tolerance - understanding diversity as learner role-play activities that take place during Miladun Nabii

Link to other Learning Activities: The concept of celebration can be related to Environmental activities -special occasions like weddings and circumcision.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
7.0 Islamic Festivals	7.2 Aqiqa	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to:	The learner is guided to: • watch video clips on animals	What is the significance of
2 0002 (415)	(3 lessons)	 a) mention the animals that are slaughtered during aqiqa as Islamic tradition, b) roleplay the activities that take place during Aqiqa, c) appreciate aqiqa celebrations as a way of learning Islamic religious traditions. 	 watch video chips on animals used in <i>aqiqa</i> and mention them, draw and colour the animals slaughtered during <i>aqiqa</i> ceremony, pick flashcards and mention the activities that take place during <i>aqiqa</i>, role-play the activities that take place during <i>aqiqa</i>. 	celebrating aqiqa?

Core Competencies to be developed to be developed:

Citizenship: appropriate interaction with others as learners roleplay the activities that take place during Aqiqa

Values:

Unity: cooperation and team spirit is displayed as they work in groups and role-play the activities that take place during Aqiqa.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life Skills: tolerance as they role-play the activities that take place during Aqiqa.

Link to other Learning Activities: as learners celebrate Aqiqa which can be related to special occasions in Environmental Activities.

SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

Levels Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify the qualities of the Prophet (S.A.W.).	Identifies six qualities of the prophet (S.A.W.) and explains them.	Identifies six qualities of the prophet (S.A.W.).	Identifies three - four qualities of the prophet (S.A.W.).	Identifies less than three qualities of the prophet (S.A.W.).
Ability to outline the activities that take place during Milad un-Nabii ceremony.	Outlines the activities that take place during the Milad un-Nabiiand supports it with pictures.	Outlines the activities that take place during Milad un-Nabii	Outlines the activities that take place during Milad un-Nabii but leaves out a few details.	Outlines the activities that take place during Milad un-Nabii, leaving out major details.
Ability to mention the activities that take place during Aqiqa.	Mentions the activities that take place during Aqiqa with convincing explanations.	Mentions the activities that take place during Aqiqa.	Mentions the activities that take place during Aqiqa with minor mix-ups.	Mentions the activities that take place during Aqiqa with major mix-ups.

APPENDIX 1: COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING AT LOWER PRIMARY

At this sub-level, the goal of the CSL activity is to provide links between concepts learnt in the various Learning Activities and real-life experiences. Learners begin to make connections between what they learn and the relevance to their daily lives. CSL is hosted in the Environmental Activities learning area. The class teacher is expected to:

- identify and guide learners to undertake age-appropriate, whole-class integrated CSL activities within the school, and
- consider learner safety when selecting the activity.

The following steps for the integrated CSL activity should be staggered across the school terms:

Steps in carrying out the integrated CSL activity

1) Preparation

- Determine the activity for the learners.
- Map out the targeted core competencies, values, and specific learning areas skills for the CSL activity.
- Identify resources required for the activity (focusing on locally available materials).
- Stagger the activities across the term (set dates and times).
- Communicate with learners, parents/caregivers/guardians, school administration, teachers, and other relevant stakeholders in the school community.
- Identify and develop assessment tools.

2) Implementation of CSL Activity

- Assigning roles to learners.
- Ensure every learner actively participates in the activity
- Observe learners as they carry out the CSL activity and record feedback.
- Use an appropriate assessment tool to assess both the process and the product (assess learner's work from the beginning to the end product)

• Assess the targeted core competencies, values and subject skills.

3) Reflection on the CSL Activity

Conduct a self-evaluation session with learners on the integrated CSL activity undertaken by discussing the following:

- what went well and why?
- what did not go well and why?
- what can be done differently next time?
- what they have learnt?

There will be **one** integrated CSL activity conducted **annually.** The thematic areas for this activity will be derived from the broader categories of the PCIs and concepts from the various Learning Areas. Teachers are expected to vary the themes yearly to allow learners to address different PCIs within their contexts. There should be a link between the skills from the learning areas and the chosen themes.

The integrated CSL activity utilises a Whole School Approach (WSA), involving the entire school community (learners, parents/caregivers/guardians, school administration, teachers). Parents/caregivers/guardians are crucial stakeholders in the planning and execution of the CSL activity. While the teacher leads the planning and integration, learners will be expected to actively participate throughout the process.

The CSL activity provides an opportunity to develop of core competencies and nurture various values. The teacher will vary the emphasised core competencies and values each year.

Assessment of the CSL Activity

Assessment of the integrated CSL activity will focus on three components namely:

- skills from various learning areas applied in carrying out the activity,
- core competencies developed, and
- values nurtured.

Assessment should focus on both the process and the end product of the CSL activity. The teacher will assess learners in groups using various tools such as an observation schedule, checklist, rating scale, or any other appropriate assessment tool.

APPENDIX 2: SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS, RESOURCES, AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-Strand	Suggested Assessment Methods	Suggested Resources	Suggested Non-Formal Activities
Qur'an	Selected Surahs	Oral questions, observation	Flashcards, Juzuu, Digital device	Participate in Qur'an recitation competitions, and attend madrasa after school to learn Qur'an.
Hadith	Selected Hadiths	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Charts, hadith book	Learners to discuss with parents and other siblings the meaning/teachings of the Hadith
Pillars of Iman	Believe in the Last Day	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Plants, animals, crayons, papers, paint, brushes, water and pictures	Tree planting in a school and community as a means of taking care of Allah's creation.
	Believe in His power (Qadar	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Plants, animals, crayons, papers, paint, brushes, water and pictures	Tree planting in a school and community as a means of taking care of Allah's creation

Devotional Acts	Swalah	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Flashcards, chart	Attend the madrasa after school to learn Shahada.
	wudhu	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Flashcards, chart	Attend Qur'anic schools after school to learn more about wudhu.
AKHLAQ (Moral Teachings)	1 Islamic etiquette Masjid – manners of entering and leaving +dua), discipline in the mosque,	Oral questions and observation	Charts, pictures, audiovisual materials, utensils,	Practise Islamic eating manners during meals at home with siblings.
	Sneezing (Alhamdulillah)	Oral questions and observation	Charts, computer, projector, flashcards	Use Islamic phrases appropriately in their free time.
Akhlaq	Islamic phrases (Hasbunallah wa ni'mal wakil, La haula wala Quwatta ilabilla	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Animals, trees, colours, crayons, tape recorder	Planting and taking care of trees in the school compound.
	2 Relationship 5.2.1 care and dua for the sick	Oral questions and observation	Charts, colours, empty boxes	Participate in activities and simple tasks assigned to them by parents
	2 Places of worship	Oral questions, Portfolio, and observation	Water, brooms, dustbins, rake	Collect litter in the school Compound

6.0 SIIRAH (Life of Prophet)	Early life of the Prophet (S.A.W.) (shepherd, merchant	Oral questions, portfolio, and observation	Flashcards	Narrating the event of the birth of the Prophet (S.A.W.) to other siblings and family members.
7.Festivals	7.1 Miladu-Nabii	Oral questions, Portfolio, and observation	Colour, crayons, manila papers, brooms, water	Assist in the preparation of Eid Festivals
	Aqiqa	Oral questions, Portfolio, and observation	Colour, crayons, manila papers, brooms, water	Assist in the preparation of aqiqa Festivals