



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

A skilled and Ethical Society

PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION CURRICULUM DESIGN HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

GRADE 5

First Published 2017

Revised 2024

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ISBN:978-9914-724-51-6

Published and printed by Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development

FOREWORD

The Government of Kenya (GoK) is committed to ensuring that policy objectives for Education, Training and Research meet the aspirations of the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, National Curriculum Policy 2018, the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the regional and global conventions to which Kenya is a signatory. Towards achieving the mission of Basic Education, the Ministry of Education (MoE) has successfully and progressively rolled out the implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) at Pre-Primary, Primary and Junior School levels.

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) reviewed the curriculum and rationalised the number of learning areas in 2024. The review and rationalisation process was informed by several factors, among them, the recommendations of the Presidential Working Party on Education Reforms (PWPER) and reports of the continuous curriculum monitoring and evaluation activities.

The reviewed curriculum designs build on competencies attained earlier by learners. The designs prepare the learner for smooth transition to the next level. The designs will also afford the learner opportunities for developing requisite competencies and enable them to interact with other people and the environment around them.

The key components of the curriculum designs include the National Goals of Education, the essence statement, general and specific learning outcomes as well as the strands and sub strands. Suggested learning experiences, key inquiry questions, core competencies, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs), values and assessment rubrics are also outlined in the curriculum designs.

It is expected that all Government agencies and other stakeholders in Education will use the designs to plan for the effective and efficient implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum.

Thank you.

HON. EZEKIEL OMBAKI MACHOGU, CBS

CABINET SECRETARY,

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

PREFACE

The Ministry of Education (MoE) rolled out the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC), nationally in 2019, following a national convention in 2017 where the *Basic Education Curriculum Framework* (BECF) was adopted by stakeholders and a national pilot of the curriculum in the Early Years of Education (EYE) in 2018. According to the UNESCO IBE requirements, a curriculum should be reviewed every five years. So, the review of CBC was due from 2023. In view of this, the reviewed curriculum designs will enhance the implementation of CBC since it corporates the lessons learnt from the implementation of CBC so far.

Consistent periodical review of the curriculum is also critical in the realisation of the Vision and Mission of the on-going curriculum reforms as enshrined in the Sessional Paper No. I of 2019 whose title is: *Towards Realizing Quality, Relevant and Inclusive Education and Training for Sustainable Development* in Kenya. The Sessional Paper explains the shift from a content-focused curriculum to a focus on producing an engaged, empowered and ethical citizen.

Therefore, the reviewed curriculum designs will facilitate the inculcation of core competencies in CBC, which are identified as: communication and collaboration, critical thinking and problem solving, creativity and imagination, citizenship, digital literacy, learning to learn and self-efficacy.

The curriculum designs provide suggestions for interactive and differentiated learning experiences linked to the various strands and sub strands and other aspects of the CBC. The designs also outline suggested learning resources and varied assessment techniques. It is expected that the use of these designs will lead to enhanced learning outcomes at various levels, prepare the learner for smooth transition to subsequent grades and make learning enjoyable.

The MoE requests all stakeholders to keep giving feedback on the curriculum designs to inform the review during the next cycle.

Thank you.

DR. BELIO R. KIPSANG, CBS

PRINCIPAL SECRETARY STATE DEPARTMENT FOR

EARLY LEARNING AND BASIC EDUCATION

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) Act Number 4 of 2013 (Revised 2019) mandates the Institute to develop and review curricula and curriculum support materials for basic and tertiary education and training. The curriculum development process is guided by research, international best practices as well as stakeholder engagement. The Institute conceptualised the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) in consultation with the Ministry of Education and other stakeholders. According to the *Basic Education Curriculum Framework* (KICD, 2017) the conceptualisation of CBC was informed by 21st Century learning needs, the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, the East African Community Protocol, the International Bureau of Education (IBE) Guidelines and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

KICD is funded by the Kenya Government to discharge its mandate. The institute also receives support from development partners targeting specific programmes. The reviewed curriculum designs were developed with the support of the World Bank through the Kenya Primary Education Equity in Learning Programme (KPEELP) - a project coordinated by MoE. KICD wishes to most sincerely thank the Government of Kenya, through the MoE and other development partners. More specifically, KICD appreciates the Cabinet Secretary - MoE and the Principal Secretary - State Department of Basic Education,

Additionally, the Institute expresses gratitude to all the KICD staff members, teachers, university lecturers, MoE staff, Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs) and representatives of various stakeholders; among others, for their contributions to the development of the reviewed curriculum designs. Finally, KICD acknowledges the Chief Executive Officers of the Teachers Service Commission (TSC) and the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) as well as the KICD Council for supporting the curriculum review process.

May God bless all the individuals and respective institutions who in one way or another supported the curriculum review process. Indeed, these designs will effectively guide the implementation of the CBC at Primary level, thereby preparing the learner to transition to the Junior School.

Best wishes to all learners and curriculum implementers.

 ${\bf PROF.\ CHARLES\ O.\ ONG'ONDO,\ PhD.,\ MBS.}$

DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

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NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

1. Foster nationalism, patriotism, and promote national unity

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions and should be able to live and interact as one people. Education should enable

the learner to acquire a sense of nationhood and patriotism. It should also promote peace and mutual respect for harmonious co-existence.

2. Promote social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development

Education should prepare the learner to play an effective and productive role in the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education should instil social and adaptive skills in the learner for effective participation in community and national development.

b) Economic Needs

Education should prepare a learner with requisite competences that support a modern and independent growing economy. This should translate into high standards of living for every individual.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education should provide the learner with necessary competences for technological and industrial development in tandem with changing global trends.

3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the learner to develop to the fullest potential. This includes development of one's interests, talents and character for positive contribution to the society.

4. Promote sound moral and religious values

Education should promote acquisition of national values as enshrined in the Constitution. It should be geared towards developing a self-disciplined and ethical citizen with sound moral and religious values.

5. Promote social equity and responsibility

Education should promote social equity and responsibility. It should provide inclusive and equitable access to quality and differentiated education, including learners with special educational needs and disabilities. Education should also provide the learner with opportunities for shared responsibility and accountability through service learning.

6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures

Education should instil in the learner appreciation of Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage. The learner should value own and respect other people's culture as well as embrace positive cultural practices in a dynamic society.

7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations

Kenya is part of the interdependent network of diverse peoples and nations. Education should therefore enable the learner to respect, appreciate and participate in the opportunities within the international community. Education should also facilitate the learner to operate within the international community with full knowledge of the obligations, responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

8. Good health and environmental protection

Education should inculcate in the learner the value of physical and psychological well-being for self and others. It should promote environmental preservation and conservation, including animal welfare for sustainable development.

LESSON ALLOCATION AT UPPER PRIMARY

S/No	Learning Area	Number of Lessons
1.	English	5
2.	Kiswahili / Kenya Sign Language	4
3.	Mathematics	5
4.	Religious Education	3
5.	Science & Technology	4
6.	Agriculture	4
7.	Social Studies	3
8.	Creative Arts	6
	Pastoral Instruction Programme	1
Total		35

LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR PRIMARY EDUCATION

By the end of Primary School Education, the learner should be able to:

- a) Use verbal and or non-verbal cues to convey information in varied contexts.
- b) Demonstrate mastery of number concepts to solve problems in day to day life.
- c) Use appropriate social skills, moral and religious values to positively impact the society.
- d) Develop individual talents and interests for self-efficacy.
- e) Make informed decisions as local and global citizens of a diverse, democratic society in an interdependent world.
- f) Devise innovative strategies for environmental conservation and sustainability.
- g) Apply digital literacy skills for learning and enjoyment.
- h) Appreciate Kenya's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious living.

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Hindu Religious Education encompasses four faiths, namely, Sanatan/Vedic, Sikhism, Jainism and Buddhism. It is an important area of study enriched with religious content, knowledge, skills and attitudes to facilitate holistic development of learners. This learning area builds on the competencies that have been introduced in Early Years Education. It enhances the learner's self-awareness and the recognition and preservation of nature. In order to achieve this, the learner will be guided to apply knowledge, skills, attitudes and values in real-life experiences as well as solving the day-to-day challenges. Practical activities in the real-life situation will be used as teaching methods to enable the learners make appropriate choices and decisions in life. Hindu Religious Education provides interactive, collaborative and problem-solving learning experiences that endeavour to develop values and skills for harmonious living within the society.

GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES OF HINDU RELIGIOUS EDUCATION:

By the end of Middle years, the learner should be able to:

- 1) Acknowledge the medicinal importance of plants for good health and sustainable development,
- 2) Implement the teachings of Enlightened Beings for righteous living,
- 3) Recognize the key features and their importance in a place of worship for identification and respect,
- 4) Exhibit responsible behaviour, in the celebration of Utsav(festivals) for citizenship,
- 5) Practise Yoga for fitness and good character building,
- 6) Apply digital technology in an appropriate way for spiritual development,
- 7) Appreciate concepts of caring for creation as taught by the four faiths,
- 8) Appreciate the teachings of Scriptures for spiritual growth.

SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUBSTRANDS

S/No.	Strands	Sub-Strands	Number of
			Lessons
	1.0. Creation	1.1. Care for Creation	8
		1.2. Medicinal Plants and trees.	8
	2.0. Enlightened Beings	2.1. Enlightened Beings and Social Welfare	8
	3.0. Scriptures	3.1. Scriptural stories on family values	8
	4.0. Worship	4.1. Importance of features in Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara	10
		4.2. Places of Worship	8
	5.0. Sadachaar (Social	5.1. Friendship and keeping promises.	8
	Ethics)		
	6.0. Yoga (Holistic	6.1. Physical Aspect	8
	Wellness)	6.2. Communal Aspect	8
	7.0. Principles of Dharma	7.1. Virtues of Righteousness-Jain & Sikh Moral stories.	8
	8.0. Utsav (Social festivals)	8.1. Utsav 8	8
		Total number of lessons	90

NOTE: The suggested number of lessons per sub strand may be less or more depending on the context.

STRAND 1.0: CREATION (SRISHTI)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Creation (Srishti)	1.1 Care for Creation (8 lessons) • As Per Sanatan/ • Vedic And • Jain Faith (through scriptural stories)	By the end of the sub-strand the learner should be able to: a) identify the concepts of caring for creation for knowledge, b) relate the concepts of caring for creation to his own faith for deeper understanding , c) appreciate different views on creation	 concepts of caring for creation, role- play under the guidance of parents/guardian/teacher, discuss with peers the different concepts on caring for creation as mentioned in Scriptures and share experience, 	creation?

	concepts for social awareness.	 research on different concepts on caring for creation using search engines /Scriptures, sing/listen songs on care for creation as per Sanatan and Jain faith, assist learners with special needs as per their abilities through peer teaching and make them understand the importance of caring for creation.
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- Learning to Learn: Learners enhance their own learning and self-discipline by sharing experience through discussion, in groups, about the different concepts on caring for creation as mentioned in Scriptures.
- Digital Literacy: Learner enhances digital skills when watching video on discourse by a spiritual teacher and jotting down the key points related to the topic.

Values:

- Responsibility: Learner becomes self-driven through researching different concepts on caring for creation using search engines /Scriptures.
- Respect: Learner develops acceptance when visiting places of worship to inquire more about the concepts of caring for creation.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Socio-Economic Issues: Learners ask questions on the different concepts on caring for creation including child road safety measures to their elders/parents and include points in assignment.

Links to other Learning Areas:

The learner is able to relate the concept of caring to the concept of caring for the environment in Social Studies.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Creation (Srishti)	1.2 Medicinal Trees (8 lessons) • Mango tree, • Papaya, • Banana, • Coconut	strand the learner should be able to:	 The learner is guided to: create a nature corner for medicinal plants, identify through search engines the right use of medicinal plants, visit a temple/botanical garden to learn about medicinal plants, take photos and create a photo montage, watch a TV lesson showing the different stages of growth of medicinal plants, use search engines to learn the interdependence of plants and human life, assist learners with special needs as per their abilities through peer teaching to participate in tree planting activity carried out in the school compound, collect different leaves of medicinal plants available in their locality and make a scrapbook. 	 How are medicinal plants beneficial to mankind? Why is it necessary to use medicinal plants appropriately? Why is it important to nurture medicinal plants?

- Communication and collaboration: Learner works collaboratively when collecting different leaves of medicinal plants available in their locality and make a scrapbook.
- Digital Literacy: Learner enhances digital skills when using search engines to search interdependence of plants and human life.

Values:

Responsibility: Learner develops determination when creating a nature corner for medicinal plants.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

- Life Skills: Learner learns developmental perspectives when creating a natural corner for medicinal plants.
- Socio-Economic Issues: Learner acquires skills on safety and security and health issues when visiting a temple/botanical garden to learn about medicinal plants.

Link to other Learning Areas:

The learner is able to relate tree planting activity and collecting different leaves of medicinal plants available in their locality and making a scrapbook to the tree planting activity and other activities learnt in Agriculture.

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator			Expectations	
Ability to relate	The learner relates	The learner relates	The learner relates	The learner has
concepts of caring	concepts of caring for	concepts of caring	concepts of caring for	challenges relating
for creation to own	creation to own faith,	for creation to own	creation to own faith	concepts of caring for
faith.	providing relevant	faith.	when prompted.	creation to own faith
	examples.			even when prompted.
Ability to list the most	The learner lists the	The learner lists the	The learner lists the	The learner lists the most
common medicinal	most common	most common	most common medicinal	common medicinal
plants.	medicinal plants and	medicinal plants.	plants with minor	plants with major
	the locations found.		omissions.	omissions.

STRAND 2.0: THE ENLIGHTENED BEINGS

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 The Enlightened Beings	2.1 Enlightened Beings and Social Welfare (8 lessons) • Swami Narayan • Abhinandanath (fourth tirthankar) • Ananda (Lord Buddha- Principal disciple) • Sri Guru Arjan Dev ji	Enlightened Beings for spiritual well- being, c) appreciate the teachings of Enlightened	 The learner is guided to: read the life histories of the four Enlightened Beings and social welfare, listen to stories of Enlightened Beings using Scriptures/a resource person/audio-visual device, research and write assays on the lives of Enlightened Beings and present their research in class, perform skits based on the key events from the lives of Enlightened Beings, draw sketches of Enlightened Beings using digital devices/drawing book, make a chart of the teachings and reforms of the Enlightened Beings, take part in quiz competitions, watch animated films on Enlightened Beings using digital devices, engage and encourage peers with special needs to sing songs/bhajan/stavan/shabad that glorify the qualities of Enlightened Beings. 	1. How do Enlightened Beings contribute to social welfare? 2. How do we emulate the Enlightened Beings in our lives?

Creativity and imagination: Learner enhances networking when performing skits based on the key events from the lives of Enlightened Beings.

Values:

- Unity: Learner enhances cooperation when drawing sketches of Enlighted Beings using digital devices/drawing book.
- Responsibility: Learner acquires virtues of hard work when developing charts of the teachings and reforms of the Enlightened Beings.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner develops social cohesion by engaging and encouraging peers with special needs to sing songs/bhajan/stavan/shabad that glorify the qualities of Enlightened Beings.

Links to other Learning Areas:

Learner is able to relate the skill of making sketches, singing bhajans, mantras and hymns to the skills of similar creative activities in Creative Arts.

The learner is able to relate the encouragement to study life histories of Enlightened Beings to the skills of studying life histories learnt in Social Studies.

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to name all the	The learner names	The learner names all	The learner names three	The learner names less
four selected	all the four selected	the four selected	of the selected	than three of the selected
Enlightened Beings.	Enlightened Beings	Enlightened Beings	Enlightened Beings.	Enlightened Beings.
	correctly and	correctly.		
	highlights their			
	teachings.			
Ability to identify the	The learner	The learner identifies	The learner identifies	The learner identifies the
contributions of	identifies the	the contributions of	the contributions of	contributions of
Enlightened Beings.	contributions of	Enlightened Beings	Enlightened Beings	Enlightened Beings
	Enlightened Beings		missing out some facts.	missing out most of the
	with all relevant			facts.
	facts.			

STRAND 3.0: SCRIPTURES (DHARAM GRANTHS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Scriptures (Dharam Granths)	3.1 Scriptural Stories and Family Values (8 lessons) • Ramayan (Bharat an ideal brother) • Uttradhyana (The story of King Hansa) • Panca Sila (The prince and the seedling) • Sri Guru Granth Sahib ji (Shabad Hazare)	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) identify the teachings of Scriptures at family level for development of moral values, b) demonstrate the teachings that promote moral values in families as per selected Scriptures from the four faiths, c) appreciate the role of Scriptures for character moulding.	 The learner is guided to: mention scriptures that they familiar with, use search engines to identify the role of the Scriptures and make presentation in class, listen to stories/resource person/ audiovisual device to find and tell stories from Scriptures that explain their roles as carrier of moral values, recite mantras from Scriptures based upon their roles to instil moral values, watch animated stories of Scriptures of four faiths, make discussions on the role of Scriptures, assist learners with special needs as per their abilities through peer teaching to make them understand the lessons drawn from the stories of Scriptures. 	apply moral values in different situations in the family?

Learning to learn: Learner organise their own learning when independently reciting mantras from Scriptures based upon their roles to instil moral values.

Values:

Responsibility: Learner acquires virtues of self-drive by telling stories from Scriptures that explain their roles to instil moral values.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner develops social cohesion by reciting mantras from different Scriptures based on their roles to instil moral values.

Links to other Learning Areas:

- Learner is able to relate the skill of using digital devices while watching animated stories of scriptures of four faiths to the skills of using digital devices in Creative Arts.
- Learner is able to relate the skill of speaking and learning new vocabulary while reciting mantras from Scriptures based upon their roles to instil moral values to the skills of speaking and reciting mantras learnt in English.

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator			Expectations	
Ability to identify the	The learner identifies	The learner identifies	The learner identifies the	The learner identifies
teachings of	the teachings of	the teachings of	teachings of Scriptures at	the teachings of
Scriptures at family	Scriptures at family	Scriptures at family	family level missing	Scriptures at family
level.	level correctly, citing	level correctly.	minor details.	level missing major
	relevant examples.			details.
Ability to	The learner	The learner	The learner demonstrates	The learner
demonstrate the	demonstrates the	demonstrates the	the teachings that	demonstrates the
teachings that	teachings that promote	teachings that promote	promote moral values in	teachings that promote
promote moral values	moral values in	moral values in	families as per selected	moral values in
in families as per	families as per selected	families as per selected	Scriptures from the four	families missing out
selected Scriptures	Scriptures from the	Scriptures from the	faiths while missing	major aspects.
from the four faiths.	four faiths	four faiths	some minor aspects.	
	appropriately, giving	appropriately.		
	context.			

STRAND 4.0: WORSHIP (ISHWAR BHAKTI)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Worship (Ishwar Bhakti)	 4.1 Importance Of Features In Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara (10 lessons) Carved domes, Shoe rack Moorti of the deity, Mirror, Panch aarti Deepak, Pooja thaal, Bell Sikh Gurdwara Nishaan Sahib, Shoe rack Place to clean feet and hands. Sri Guru Granth Sahib Ji PalkiSahib, Religious symbol, Degh (Karrah Prasaad), Chaur Sahib, Langar 	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) describe features of places in worship for familiarisation, b) analyse the features at the places of worship in Jains and Sikhs for understanding, c) appraise the relevance of different features at a place of worship.	 The learner is guided to: identify features of place of worship, collect pictures of Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara from magazines/newspapers/digital devices, explain relevant features at a place of worship, discuss the different features of Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara, take photos at the places of worship and create a montage, visit places of worship to witness activities carried out at different times, recite poems on features at a place of worship, engage and encourage peers with special needs to recite poems that glorify the places of worship. 	 Why is it important to visit a place of worship? What is the importance of features you see while visiting a Jain Derasar?

Creativity and imagination: Learner enhances networking when taking photos at the places of worship and creating a montage using photos from the places of worship.

Values:

Responsibly: learner enhances the virtues of hard work by collecting pictures of Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara from magazines/ newspapers/digital devices.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner enhances social cohesion by visiting places of worship to witness activities carried out at different times.

Links to other Learning Areas:

- Learner is able to relate the skill of using digital devices, newspaper and magazines to collect pictures of Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara to the skills learnt in Creative Arts.
- Learner is able to relate the skill of identifying features of places of worship to geographical skills learnt in Social Studies.

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator			Expectations	
Ability to describe	The learner describes	The learner describes	The learner describes	The learner struggles to
features at places of	features at places of	features at places of	some features at places of	describe features at
worship.	worship correctly,	worship correctly.	worship with prompts.	places of worship even
	providing relevant			with prompts.
	details.			
Ability to analyse the	The learner analyses	The learner analyses	The learner analyses of	The learner analyses the
features at the places of	the features at the	the features at the	the features at places of	features at places of
worship in Jains and	places of worship in	places of worship in	worship in Jains and	worship in Jains and
Sikhs.	Jains and Sikhs	Jains and Sikhs	Sikhs with minor mix-	Sikhs with major mix-
	correctly, explaining	correctly.	ups.	ups.
	their significance.			

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Worship (Ishwar Bhakti)	4.2 Places of Worship (8 lessons) Location of Jain Derasar Sikh Gurdwaras in Kenya	By the end of the substrand the learner should be able to: a) describe the locations of Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara (temples) in Kenya, b) classify the practices and ceremonies held in Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara, c) appreciate ceremonies held in Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara.	 The learner is guided to: visit places of worship to witness activities carried out at different times, make a collage of place of worship in his/her locality, use digital devices to map the Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwaras in Kenya, draw and colour the Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara, discuss practice of ceremonies held in Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara, visit a Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara to witness ceremonies, architecture and important features, assist learners with special needs as per their abilities through peer teaching the religious practices carried out in a place of worship. 	What is the importance of features you see while visiting a Sikh Gurdwara?

Digital Literacy: Learner develops digital skills when interacting with technology by using digital devices to map the Jain temples in Kenya.

Values:

Love: Learner acquires selflessness when visiting a Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara to witness ceremonies, architecture and important features.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner enhances nationalism when participating in ceremonies held in Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara.

Links to other Learning Areas:

Learner is able to relate the skill of drawing and colouring the Jain Derasar and Sikh Gurdwara to the skills of drawing and colouring learnt in Creative Arts.

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator			Expectations	
Ability to describe the	The learner describes	The learner describes	The learner describes	The learner describes
locations of Jain	the locations of Jain	the locations of Jain	locations of Jain Derasar	locations of Jain
Derasar and Sikh	Derasar and Sikh	Derasar and Sikh	and Sikh Gurdwara	Derasar and Sikh
Gurdwara (temples) in	Gurdwara (temples) in	Gurdwara (temples)	(temples) with a few	Gurdwara(temples)
Kenya.	Kenya, giving details.	in Kenya.	mix-ups.	with many mix-ups.
Ability to classify the	The learner classifies	The learner classifies	The learner classifies the	The learner classifies
practices and	the practices and	the practices and	practices and ceremonies	the practices and
ceremonies held in Jain	ceremonies held in Jain	ceremonies held in	held in Jain Derasar and	ceremonies held in
Derasar and Sikh	Derasar and Sikh	Jain Derasar and Sikh	Sikh Gurdwara with	Jain Derasar and Sikh
Gurdwara.	Gurdwara, providing	Gurdwara.	minor omissions.	Gurdwara with major
	their significance.			omissions.

STRAND 5.0: SADACHAAR (SOCIAL ETHICS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Sadachaar (Social Ethics)	5.1 Friendship and Keeping Promises (8 lessons) • The Three Promises, • The four friends and the hunter, • Tirthankar Mallinath • The Hawks and Their Friends.	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the qualities of a good friendship for a healthy social relationship, b) distinguish t between good and bad friendship, c) establish friendly relationships with family members for a sense of belonging.	 The learner is guided to: research from Scriptures qualities of friendship in the four faiths, discuss with peers friendship and keeping promises as per teachings of Enlightened Beings from four faiths, dramatise stories from the life histories of Enlightened Beings that depict true friendship, sing songs and recite poems on friendship, demonstrate qualities of friendship and keeping promises in their interaction, watch films and videos based on friendship and keeping promises, demonstrate friendly relationships with parents and elders at home, write/type essays on friendship. spend quality time with parents and vice versa, 	 How can you stay away from bad influences online? Why is it important to consider safety measures while chatting online with friends? What are the ways of developing friendship with Paramatma?

	• create a communication group of friends using digital devices.	
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Digital Literacy: Learner interacts with technology when creating a communication group of friends using digital devices.

Values:

Love: Learner expresses compassion while singing songs and reciting poems on friendship.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner enhances social cohesion when dramatising stories from the life histories of Enlightened Beings that depict true friendship.

Links to other Learning Areas:

- Learner is able to relate the skill of using digital devices to watch films and videos based on friendship and keeping promises to the skills of using digital devices learnt in Creative Arts.
- Learner is able to relate the skill of writing/typing essays on friendship to the skills of writing compositions learnt in English.

Level	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator	Expectations		Expectations	
Ability to identify the	The learner identifies	The learner	The learner identifies	The learner struggles to
qualities of a good	the qualities of a good	identifies the	the qualities of a good	identify the qualities of a
friendship.	friendship, providing	qualities of a good	friendship when	good friendship even
	relevant examples.	friendship.	prompted.	when prompts.
Ability to distinguish	The learner	The learner	The learner	The learner distinguishes
between good and bad	distinguishes between	distinguishes	distinguishes between	between good and bad
friendship.	good and bad	between good and	good and bad	friendship with major
	friendship, citing	bad friendship.	friendship with minor	omissions.
	relevant examples		omissions.	
	from real-life			
	experiences.			

STRAND 6.0: YOGA (HOLISTIC WELLNESS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.0 Yoga (Holistic Wellness)	6.1 Physical Aspect of Yoga (8 lessons) • Sheetali • Pranayam (cooling breath), • Sheet kari Paranayam (hissing breath) • Bhadra asana, Ardha utrasana, - Sasank asana)	By the end of the substrand, the learner should be able to: a) identify Pranayam and Asanas for physical wellbeing, b) describe the types of Pranayam and Asanas for familiarisation, c) appreciate the importance of Pranayam and Asanas for healthy living.	 The learner is guided to: using digital devices, like YouTube and demonstrative manuals and correctly perform Pranayam and Asanas, visit and participate in the celebration of International Yoga Day, practise Asanas with peers. create a Yoga guidance video using digital devices, sing/recite song/poem on Yoga that they are familiar with, discuss types of Pranayam with the guidance of the teacher, Assist peers with special needs in practicing Pranayams as per their ability to perform. 	 Why are Asanas important in performin g Yoga? How does Pranayam help in physical wellbeing ?

Learning to learn: Learner enhances working collaboratively when practising Asanas, in pairs and groups, to encourage and help each other.

Values:

Patriotism: Learner observes citizenship when visiting and participating in the celebration of International Yoga Day.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner exhibits nationality when visiting and participating in the celebration of International Yoga Day.

Links to other Learning Areas:

Learner is able to relate the skill of using digital devices to look for appropriate videos from YouTube and demonstrative manuals and correctly perform the Pranayams to the skills of using digital devices learnt in Creative Arts.

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.0 Yoga (Holistic Wellness)	Aspect of Yoga (8 lessons) • Communal aspects of Yoga Being green (caring for environment) • Being collaborative (supporting each other) • Safe road use Spiritual aspects of Yoga Meditation • Commitment (Sankalp)	sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) outline benefits of environmental protection for communal wellness, b) explain appropriate behaviours	•	 How do communal aspects of Yoga benefit society? How is meditation helpful in spiritual growth?

statemen committe Yoga fo wellbeir	ment of global make them understand basic meditation in Yoga.	
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- Digital Literacy: Learner interacts with technology while watching the videos that show environmental protection.
- Self-efficacy: Learner promotes self-awareness skills when illustrating using a chart the appropriate measures to keep safe while using the road.

Values:

Love: Learner expresses compassion when singing songs on environmental protection and participating in cleanup of school and local market.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Road Safety: Learner enhances social skills when singing songs and reciting short poems on environmental protection. Learner illustrates using a chart with appropriate child road safety measure while using the road.

Links to other Learning Areas:

- Learner can relate the skills of cleaning up of school and local markets to the skills of cleaning of school and local markets learnt in
 - Agr iculture.
- Learner can relate the skills of speaking and learning new vocabulary while role-playing simple meditation techniques for growth to the skills of speaking learnt in English.

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meetis	Approaches	Below Expectations
Indicator		Expectations	Expectations	
Ability to identify	The learner identifies	The learner	The learner identifies	The learner identifies
Pranayam and Asanas.	Pranayam and Asanas	identifies Pranayam	Pranaayam and	Pranaayam and Asanas
	correctly, providing all	and Asanas	Asanas leaving out	leaving out major facts
	the facts and benefits of	correctly.	minor facts about	about them.
	performing them.		them.	
Ability to describe the	The learner describes	The learner	The learner describes	The learner struggles to
types of Pranayam and	the types of Pranaayam	describes the types	the types of	describe the types of
Asanas.	and Asanas, giving	of Pranayam and	Pranayam and	Pranayam and Asanas
	appropriate	Asanas.	Asanas with	even with prompts.
	illustrations.		prompts.	
Ability to outline	The learner outlines	The learner outlines	The learner outlines	The learner outlines
benefits of	benefits of	benefits of	benefits of	benefits of environmental
environmental	environmental	environmental	environmental	protection with major
protection.	protection correctly,	protection correctly.	protection with	omissions.
	providing details.		minor omissions.	
Ability to explain	The learner explains	The learner explains	The learner explains	The learner struggles to
appropriate behaviours	appropriate behaviours	appropriate	appropriate	explain appropriate
while using the road for	while using the road	behaviours while	behaviours while	behaviours while using the
safety.	correctly with	using the road	using the road with	road even with assistance.
	illustrations.	correctly.	assistance.	

STRAND 7.0: PRINCIPLES OF DHARMA (DHARAM SIDDHANT)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
7.0 Principles of Dharma (Dharam Siddhant)	7.1 Virtues for Righteousness According to Jain and Sikh faiths based on Moral Stories (8 lessons) • Ten virtues • Jain Faith • Principles in Sikh Faith • Mahavir and the cow herder, • Bhai Kanhaiyaji's Compassion	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) Outline virtues for righteousness according to Jainism and Sikhism, b) describe examples of righteousness from Jain and Sikh Scriptural stories,	 The learner is guided to: mention virtues for righteousness according to Jainism and Sikhism, tell stories based on virtues of righteousness as in Jainism and Sikhism, perform skits on the identified stories that are based on child road safety measures as per the virtues taught in Jain and Sikh faiths, download more information on virtues of righteousness using digital devices and discuss with peers, visit places of worship accompanied by parents/guardians to learn more on virtues of righteousness, listen and watch a resource person on YouTube giving discourse on virtues of righteousness, 	1. Why are virtues of righteousnes s considered important according to Sikhism and Jainism? 2. How do virtues of righteousness apply to dayto-day life?

c)	appreciate virtues of righteousness acquired from moral stories.	 implement the lessons learnt from moral stories during their class activities, assist learners with special needs as per their abilities through peer teaching to make them understand the lessons drawn from the stories. 	3.
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Core Competencies to be developed:

- Digital Literacy: Learner interacts with technology when downloading more information on virtues of righteousness using digital devices and discussing in groups.
- Creativity: Learner enhances creative skills when performing skits based on the identified stories.

Values:

Responsibility: Learner develops diligence when downloading more information on virtues of righteousness using digital devices and discussing in groups.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Life skills, values and human sexuality education: Learner acquires life skills and values when telling stories based on virtues of righteousness taught in Jainism and Sikhism.

Links to other Learning Areas:

- Learner can relate the skills of performing skits based on the identified stories to the skills on performing skits learnt in Creative Arts.
- Learner can relate the skills of using digital devices to download more information on virtues of righteousness to the skills on using digital devices learnt in Science and Technology.

Suggested Assessment Rubric

Level	Exceeds Expectations	Meets	Approaches	Below Expectations
		Expectations	Expectations	
Indicator				
Ability to outline virtues	The learner outlines	The learner	The learner outlines some	The learner struggles to
for righteousness	virtues for righteousness	outlines virtues	virtues for righteousness	outline virtues for
according to Jainism and	according to Jainism and	for righteousness	according to Jainism and	righteousness according
Sikhism.	Sikhism with examples	according to	Sikhism.	to Jainism and Sikhism.
	and their application in	Jainism and		
	daily life and citing the	Sikhism.		
	sources.			
Ability to describe	The learner describes	The learner	The learner describes	The learner describes
examples of	examples of	describes	examples of righteousness	examples of
righteousness from Jain	righteousness from Jain	examples of	from Jain and Sikh	righteousness from Jain
and Sikh Scriptural	and Sikh Scriptural	righteousness	Scriptural stories with	and Sikh Scriptural
stories.	stories extensively.	from Jain and	minor omissions.	stories with major
		Sikh Scriptural		omissions.
		stories.		

STRAND 8.0: UTSAV (SOCIAL FESTIVALS)

Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
8.0 Utsav (Social Festivals)	8.1 Utsav (8 lessons) • Vaisakhi • Buddhist Vesak And Uposatha • Significan ce, rites and rituals, prayers/so ngs	By the end of the sub-strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain the significance of celebrating the three selected festivals for traditional upkeep, b) interpret the significance behind the ceremonies performed during Vaisakhi, Vesak and Uposatha, c) appreciate the	 The learner is guided to: discuss significance of celebrating festivals with peers, watch videos on how <i>Vaisakhi</i>, <i>Vesak and Uposatha</i> are celebrated, actively participate in the celebration of festivals, write reports on how festivals are celebrated, listen to stories/narrate stories about the significance of celebrating festivals, visit places of worship/community hall/archives for celebration and collecting information, sing <i>Shabads</i> and recite mantras in relation to the festivals, do charity work at the homes of children and the elderly, observe child road safety measures while visiting schools of children with special needs for inclusive celebrations, sing and dance during celebration of festivals, sensitise their peers with special needs about the safety measures to be observed during celebration 	How do Vaisakhi, Vesak and Uposatha festivals strengthen one's faith?

	value of celebrating festivals for spiritual growth.	of festivals, undertake a project on drawing different aspects of celebrating festivals.	
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Core Competencies to be developed:

Communication: Learner enhances teamwork when listening to stories/narrating stories about the significance of celebrating festivals.

Values:

- Responsibility: Learner develops virtues of hard work when drawing different aspects of festival celebration.
- Love: Learner acquires the virtue of generosity when participating in charity work such as distributing sweets, clothes and fruits at children's homes and spending some time at elders' homes, visiting schools of children with special needs for inclusive celebrations.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues:

Citizenship: Learner upholds social cohesion when visiting places of worship/community hall/archives for celebration and collecting information and actively participating in the celebration of festivals.

Links to other Learning Areas:

- Learner can relate the skills of socialising with people when visiting places of worship/community hall/archives for celebration and collecting information to the skills of socialising learnt in Social Studies.
- Learner can relate the skills of speaking efficiently using new vocabulary while singing Shabads and reciting mantras to the skills of efficient speaking learnt in English.
- Learner can relate the skills of drawing different aspects of celebrating festivals for the completion of a project to the creative skills of drawing learnt in Creativity Arts.

Suggested Assessment Rubric

LEVEL	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
INDICATOR			Expectations	
Ability to explain the	The learner explains	The learner explains	The learner explains the	The learner explains
significance of	the significance of	the significance of	significance of	the significance of
celebrating the three	celebrating all the	celebrating all the	celebrating two of the	celebrating only one
selected festivals.	three selected festivals	three festivals.	selected festivals.	of the selected
	citing the relevant			festivals.
	sources.			
Ability to interpret the	The learner interprets	The learner interprets	The learner interprets	The learner struggles
significance of	the significance of	the significance of	significance of	to interpret the
performing the	performing the	performing the	performing the	significance of
ceremonies.	ceremonies, providing	ceremonies.	ceremonies when	performing the
	details.		prompted	ceremonies even when
				prompted.

CSL AT UPPER PRIMARY (GRADE 4 – 6)

At this level, the goal of the CSL activity is to provide linkages between the concepts learnt in various learning activities and the real-life experiences. Learners begin to make connections between what they learn and the relevance to their daily life. CSL is hosted in the Social Studies learning area. The implementation is a collaborative effort where the class teacher coordinates and works with other subject teachers to design and implement the integrated CSL activity. Though they are teacher-guided, the learners should progressively be given more autonomy to identify problems and come up with solutions. The safety of the learners should also be taken into account when selecting the CSL activity. The following steps for the integrated CSL activity should be staggered across the school terms:

Steps	in carrying out the integrated CSL activity
1.	Preparation
	Map out the targeted core competencies, values and specific learning areas skills for the CSL activity
	• Identify resources required for the activity (locally available materials)
	• Stagger the activities across the term (set dates and time for the activities)
	• Communicate to learners, parents/caregivers/guardians, school administration, teachers and other relevant stakeholders in the school community
	Identify and develop assessment tools
2.	Implementation of the CSL Activity
	Assign roles to learners.
	Ensure every learner actively participates in the activity
	Observe learners as they carry out the CSL activity and record feedback
	• Use an appropriate assessment tool to assess both the process and the product (asess learner's work from the beginning to the end product)
	Assess the targeted core competencies, values and subject skills.

3. Reflection on the CSL Activity

Conduct a self-evaluation session with learners on the integrated CSL activity undertaken by discussing the following:

- what went well and why
- what did not go well and why
- what can be done differently next time
- what they have learnt.

APPENDIX: LIST OF ASSESSMENT METHODS, LEARNING RESOURCES AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Strand	Sub-Strand	Suggested Assessment	Suggested Learning	Suggested Non-Formal
		Methods	Resources	Activities
Creation	Panchmahabhoot	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of artwork 	 Digital resources (Authenticated Online) Library Magazines Artwork Resource persons Tactile illustrations 	 Visit places of worship and community centres Interact with community service activities Role play
Manifestations of Supreme Beings (Paramatma)	Enlightened Beings	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of artwork 	 Digital resources (Authenticated Online) Library Magazines Artwork Resource persons Tactile illustrations 	 Visit places of worship and community centres Interact with Community service activities Role play

Scriptures	Essence of Scriptures	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of artwork Audio//video recordings Presentation 	 Resource persons Digital media Library Magazines Scriptures Tactile illustrations 	 Visit places of worship Discuss with parents Skit performances
Worship	Sanatan Prayers	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of games 	 Parents as resource persons Library Magazines Scriptural stories Tactile illustrations 	 Visiting places of worship Visiting animal shelter Visiting elderly homes Visiting orphanages Dramatisation

Sadachaar	Moral stories	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of games 	 Parents as resource persons Library Magazines Scriptural stories Tactile illustrations 	 Visiting places of worship Visiting animal shelter Visiting elderly homes Visiting orphanages Dramatisation
Yoga	Pranayams and Asanas	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of games 	 Parents as resource persons Library Magazines Scriptural stories Tactile illustrations 	 Visiting places of worship Visiting animal shelter Visiting elderly homes Visiting orphanages Dramatisation

Principles of Dharma	Principles of Sanatan/Vedic Dharma	 Self and peer review Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Presentations of games 	 Parents as resource persons Library Magazines Scriptural stories Tactile illustrations 	 Visiting places of worship Visiting animal shelter Visiting elderly homes Visiting orphanages Dramatisation
Utsav (Festivals)	Religious and Social Festivals	 Oral questioning Projects Portfolio Observations Written work Quiz Presentation of tabulated work Photograph presentations Self and peer review 	 Digital devices Resource persons Library Tactile illustrations Magazines 	 Visiting places of worship Photographing Recording videos