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# **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS** 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER MAIN EXAMINATION

## FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION AND **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

COURSE CODE: MAT 421/MAA 412

COURSE TITLE: PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION I

**DATE**: 6/12/2023

TIME: 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Question One and Any other TWO Questions

TIME: 2 Hours

Thus Paper Consists of 3 Printed Pages Please Turn Over

#### **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

- a. State the second order linear partial differential equation (P.D.E) in its general form. (2mks)
- b. By citing an appropriate example in each case, distinguish between partial differential equation and ordinary differential equation. (4marks)
- c. State the order and degree of the partial differential equations below.

i) 
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = z + xy$$

ii) 
$$y\left\{\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)^{2}\right\} + \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)^{2} = z\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)$$
 (4 marks)

d. Classify the following partial differential equations as elliptic. parabolic of hyperbolic.

i) 
$$(x+1)u_{yy} - 2(x+2)u_{yy} + (3+x)u_{yy} = 0$$
 (1mk)

ii) 
$$f_{xy} + 2f_{xy} + f_{yy} = 0$$
 (1mk)

e. Solve 
$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - a^2 z = 0$$
 under the conditions:  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = a \sin y$  and  $z = 0$ , when  $x = 0$ . (6mks)

f. Apply Lagrange method to solve 
$$\left(\frac{y^2z}{x}\right)p + xzq = y^2$$
 (6mks)

g. Form a partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constant in the equation

$$z = ax + by + a^2 + b^2 \tag{3mks}$$

h. Form a partial differential equation whose solution is  $\varphi(x+y+z,x^2+y^2-z^2)=0$ 

(3mks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a. Solve 
$$D^3 - 3D^2D^1 + 4(D^1)^3 = e^{x+2y}$$
 (6mks)

b. Form a partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function in the equation y = f(x - at) + F(x + at) (4mks)

c. By choosing appropriate multipliers, solve

$$\frac{y-z}{yz}p + \frac{z-x}{zx}q = \frac{x-y}{xy} \tag{6mks}$$

d. Solve the non-linear partial differential equation  $p^2 + q^2 = npq$  (4mks)

#### **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

- a. Apply Charpit's method to solve non-linear partial differential equation px + qy = pq (10mks)
- b. Show that the equations: xp yq = 0 and xup + yuq = 2xy are compatible. Hence, solve them. (10mks)

#### QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Find the complete integral of  $z^2 + zu_z u_x^2 + u_y^2 = 0$  by Jacobi method. (5mks)
- b) Solve the equation  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} 2\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + 2z = 0$  given  $z = e^x$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$  when x = 0 (10marks)
- e) Solve by direct integration method the equation  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = x + y$  given that  $z = y^2$  when x = 0 and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$  (5mks)

#### QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Transform the following partial differential equation to canonical form and solve using method of characteristics.  $3u_{xy} + 10u_{xy} + 3u_{yy} = 0$  (10marks)

b) Solve 
$$z = px + qy - 2\sqrt{pq}$$
. (5mks)

c) Solve the Pfaffian differential equation ydx + xdy + 2zdz = 0 (5mks)